

# SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

# FAIRGROUND AVENUE LINEAR PARK

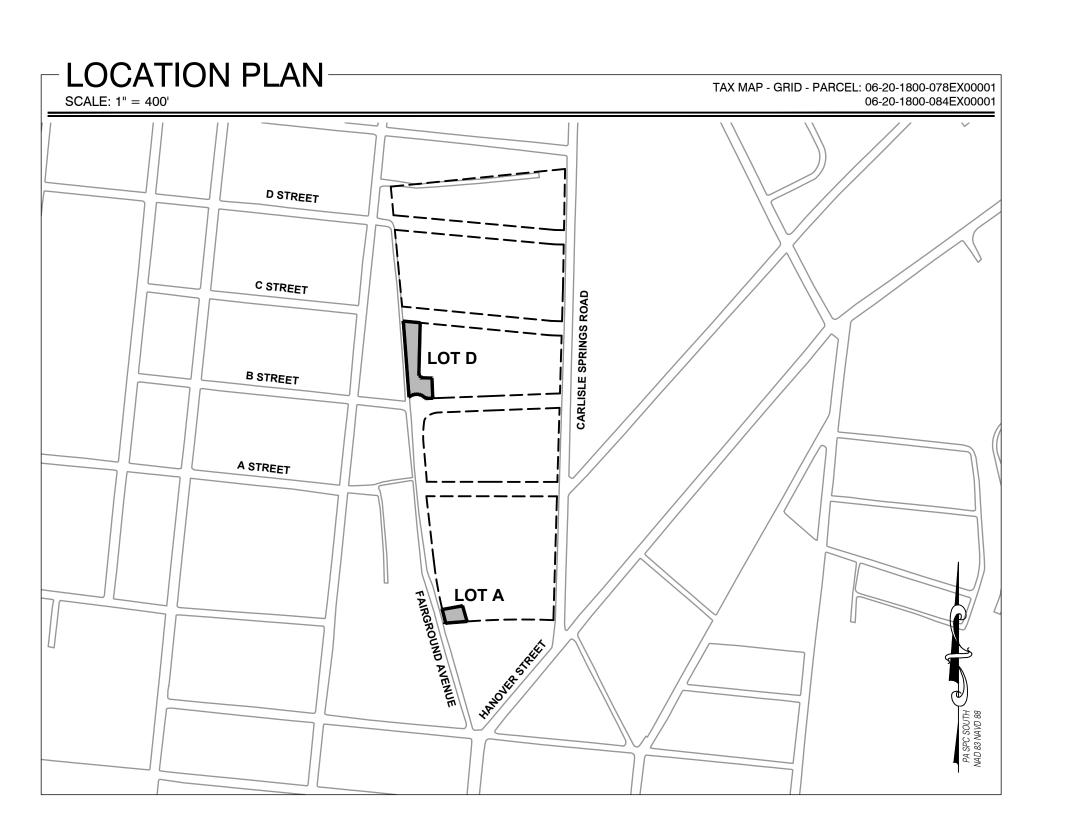
SITUATED ALONG THE EASTERN SIDE OF FAIRGROUND AVENUE NORTH OF THE INTERSECTION OF FAIRGROUND AVENUE AND N. HANOVER STREET CUMBERLAND COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

OWNER/DEVELOPER: BOROUGH OF CARLISLE 53 WEST SOUTH STREET CARLISLE, PA 17013

ATTN: ANDREA CROUSE, PARKS AND RECREATION DIRECTOR PHONE: (717) 249-4422

CIVIL ENGINEER / SURVEYOR: FSA INC. **505 SOUTH HANOVER STREET** CARLISLE, PA, 17013

PM: CHRIS CHIAMPI EMAIL: cchiampi@fsa-inc.com PHONE: (717) 701-8111



# SHEET INDEX

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**EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS** SKATEPARK PLANS
BY OTHERS. SEE ARMENT CONCRETE, LLC CONSTRUCTION PLANS

# PROJECT STATEMENT

The purpose of this project is to develop Lot A of the Former IAC Site into a skatepark and Lot D into a passive recreation park.

# -APPROVALS

#### **ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania. The Engineer/Surveyor has been to the site and observed the present condition and the plan indicates that actual condition of the plan, and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true and correct, and the borough may rely upon the accuracy thereof.

Justin T. Doty Professional Engineer License No. PE080613 Expiration Date: 9/30/2023

Know what's below.

Call before you dig.

Multiple Properties

CMC - cchiampi@fsa-inc.com

COVER

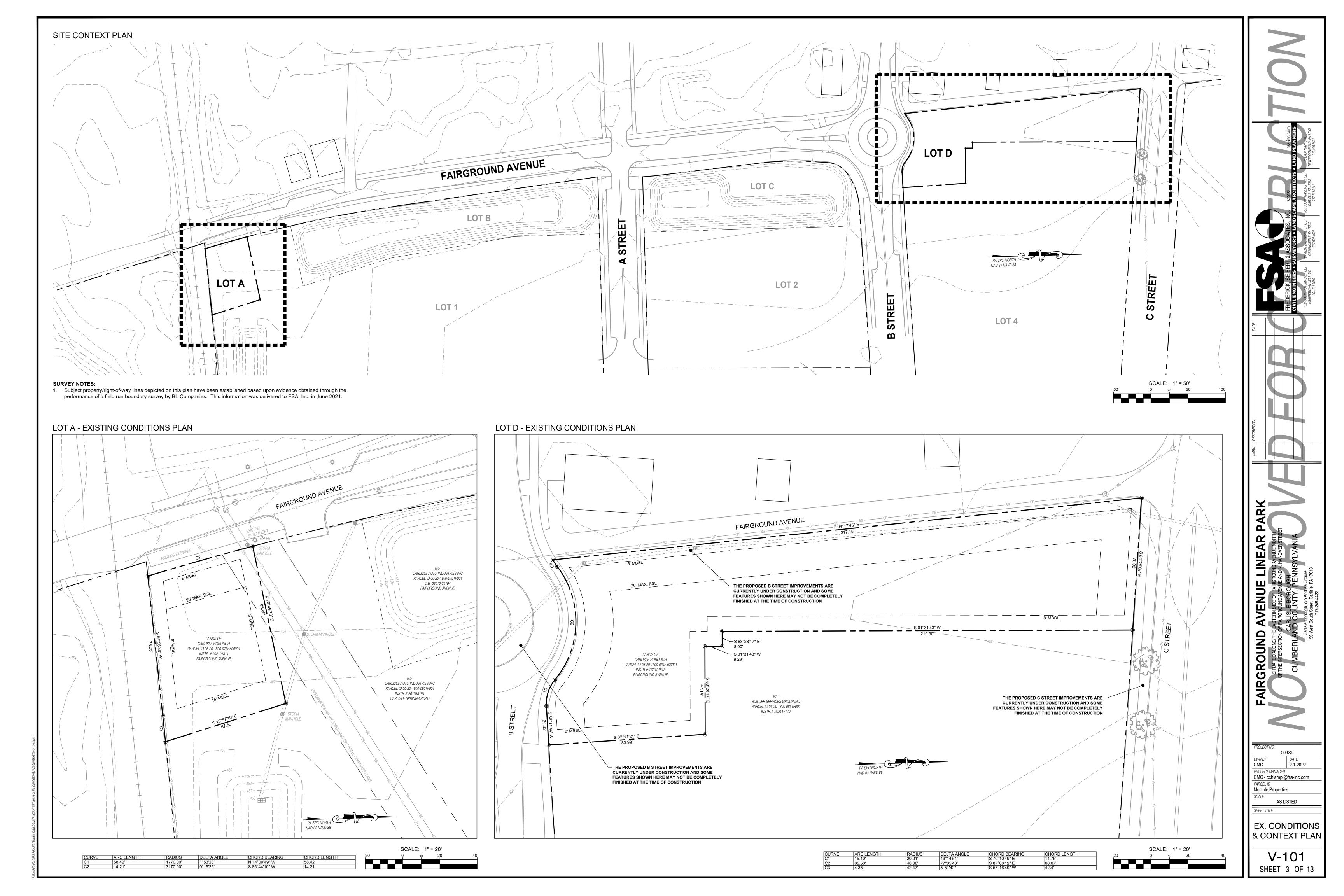
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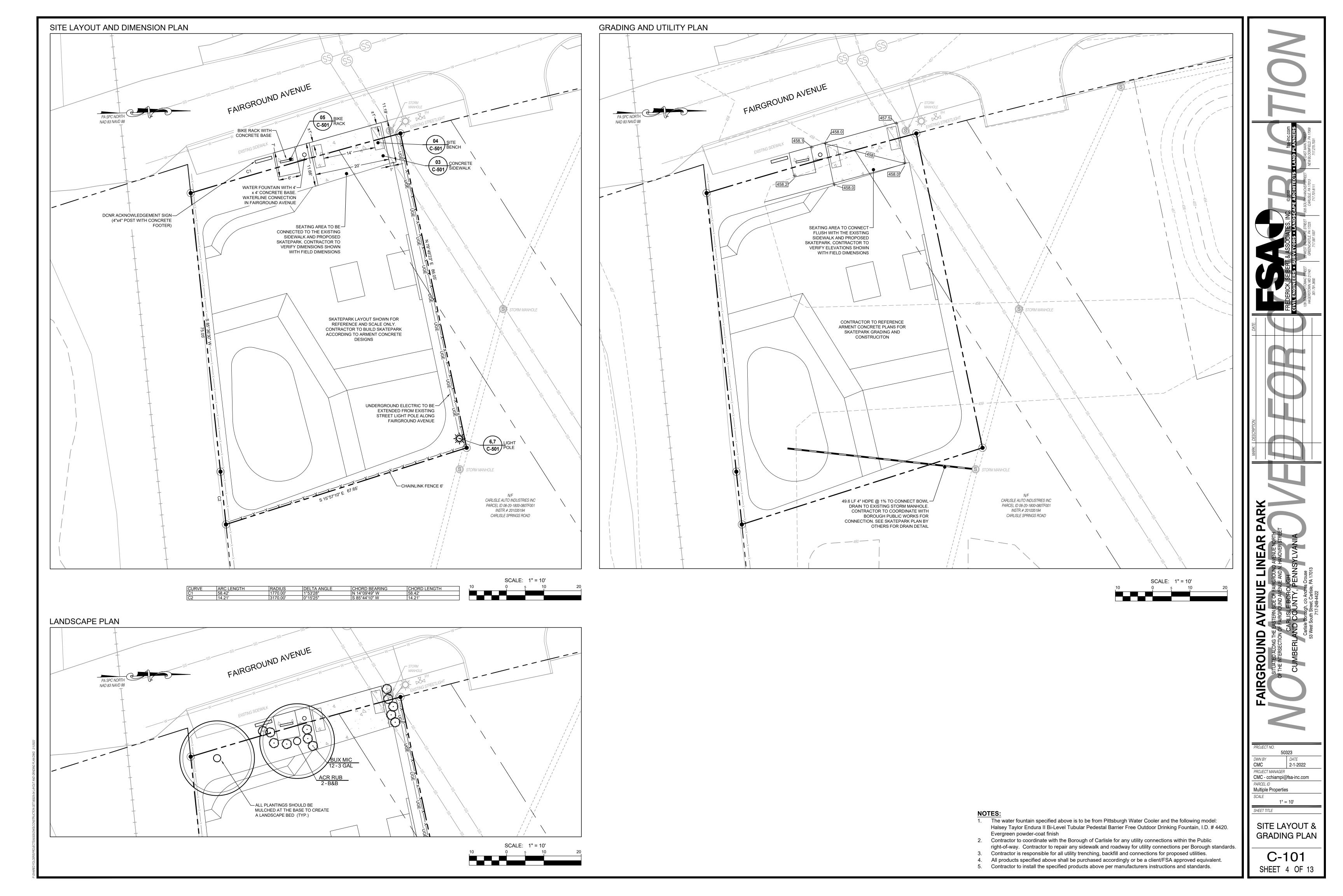
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FAIRGROUND A SITUATED ALONG THE EA OF THE INTERSECTION OF I CAMBERLAND 50323 DWN BY
CMC 2-1-2022

PROJECT MANAGER
CMC - cchiampi@fsa-inc.com

PARCEL ID
Multiple Properties **NOTES AND** LEGENDS G-001 SHEET 2 OF 13





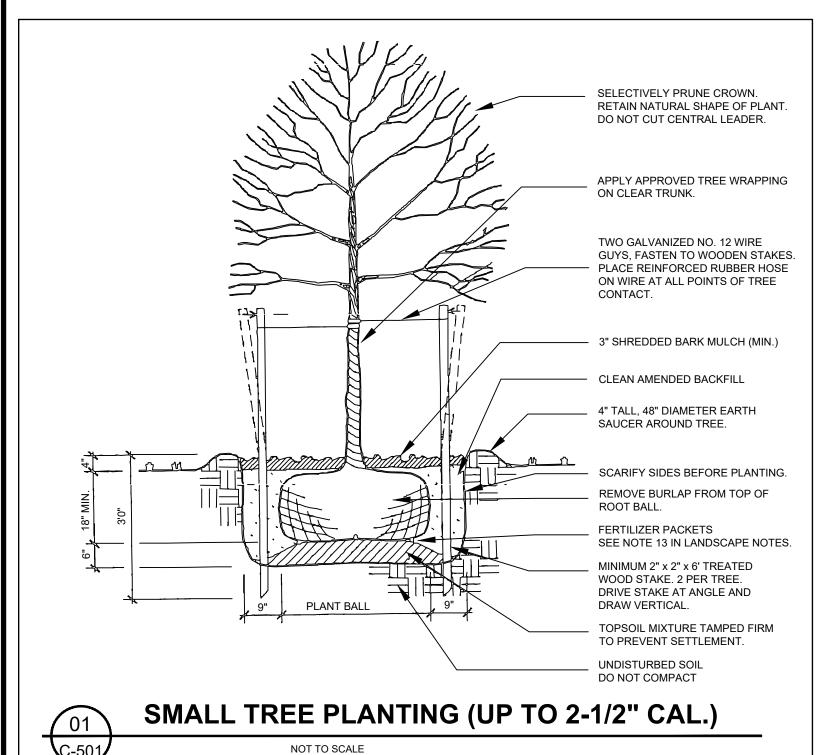
		PLANTIN	IG SCHEDULE			
CODE	QTY	COMMON NAME/ BOTANICAL NAME	CONT. SIZE	DETAIL	REMARK / NOTE	
DECIDUO	JS TREES					
ACR RUB	2	Red Maple / Acer rubrum	B&B MIN. 1	2' 1/C-501		
SHRUBS						
BUX MIC	12	Winter Gem Boxwood / Buxus microphylla japonica	'winter gem' 3 gal	2/C-501		

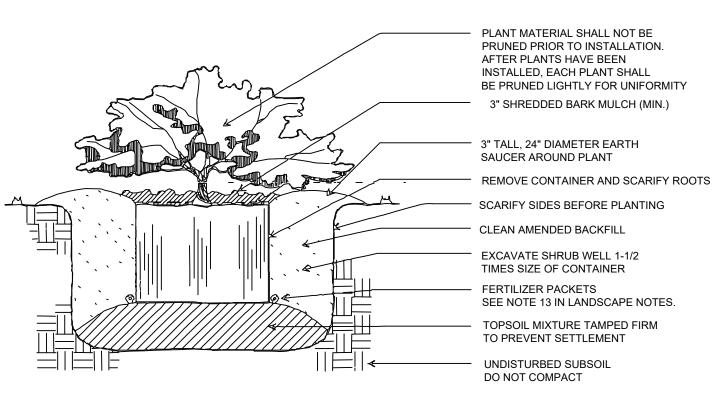
#### **GENERAL LANDSCAPE NOTES:**

- Landscape contractor is to call PA One Call and have all underground utilities marked prior to any digging or planting.
- Landscape Contractor shall install all plant material in a timely fashion.
- Landscape Contractor shall be responsible for all watering, weeding, repairs and replacements prior to final acceptance. NO Substitutions of plant material without written permission of FSA. Planting plans have been proposed with plant sizes, types, and locations as important design elements.
- Plants shall be in accordance with the current issue of American Standards for Nursery Stock published by the American Association of Nurserymen.
- All plants shall be watered thoroughly during installation and prior to final acceptance.
- All bark mulched areas shall be first covered with Typar Weed Barrier or approved equal. All planting bed areas on the site shall be mulched with a hardwood bark mulch at a depth of approx. 3", unless noted
- Plant material shall be inspected yearly in order to remove and replace dead, diseased vegetation.
- 10. Warranted plant material that is 25% dead or more shall be considered dead and shall be replaced at no charge.
- 11. All plant material shall be warranted for one year. 60 days prior to the end of the warranted period, the Engineering Department shall perform an inspection. Of which there should be an 90% survival rate of all plant material. All surviving plant
- material shall be found in a healthy condition. The warranty shall commune on the date of initial acceptance by the owner. 12. The landscape contractor shall conduct a final inspection with the owner or owner's representative at the end of the warranty
- 13. Fertilizer Packets are to be Nutri-Pak 16-8-8 or approved equal per manufacturer's recommendations.

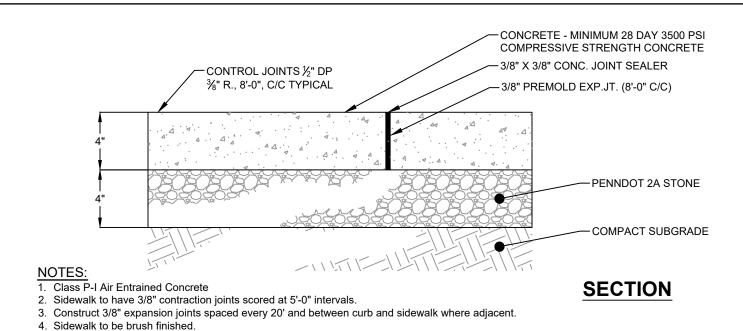
#### **MAINTENANCE:**

- Owner to remove silt/sediment if the accumulation of sediment exceeds one inch over the biorentention area.
- All trash and debris should be removed from the top of the bioretention area as necessary.
- 3. Areas devoid of mulch shall be re-mulched on an annual basis.
- 4. All areas of turfgrass that have been disturbed from construction or is not growing properly should be seeded with an appropriate grass seed mix.

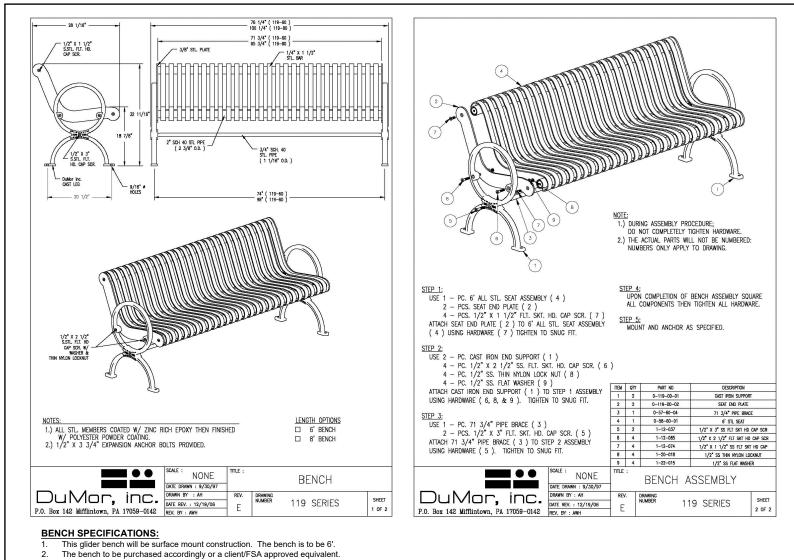


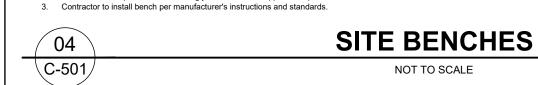


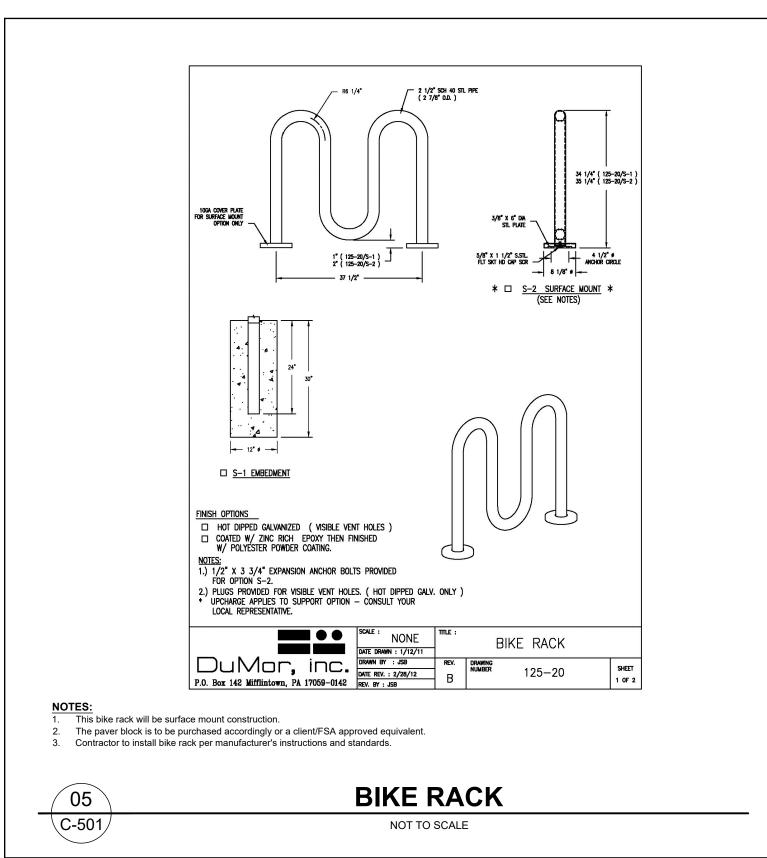




**SIDEWALK - CONCRETE** C-501 NOT TO SCALE









• LED 24w-557w; 70w to 1500w HID replacement. • Multiple mounting options including mounting arm, arm adaptor, slipfitter, swivel bracket and yoke. • Control options include 3-pin or 7-pin twist lock photocell receptacle or motion sensor. 24-43 Input Watts; 1,620-4,900 Lumens • 1-10V dimming driver standard, 120-277, 347, and 480VAC inputs available. **IES LIGHTING DISTRIBUTIONS** 



Replaces up to 175w HID



The light fixture referenced is to be the following product:

Pemco Lighting Products Large Eagle EG45Q

The light fixture should be attached to the square steel pole per manufacturers standards The light fixture should have a Type IV light distribution in the direction of the skatepark and should not extend any foot candles towards residential properties. All glare onto adjoining properties is prohibited. 10 - 20 foot candles should be achieved across the skatepark for sufficient illumination at night or in accordance with

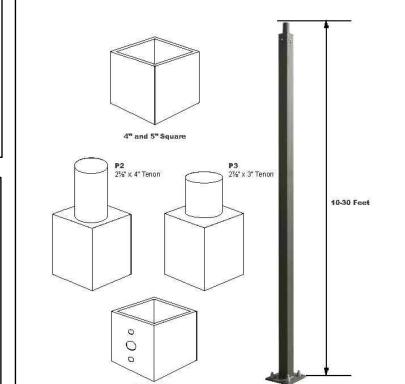
Light dimmer and motion sensor settings for the light fixture are required. Contractor to coordinate with the manufacturer on these light settings and with the Borough of Carlisle on the particular settings required. Any and all associated features such as junction boxes and adequate underground electrical lines and connections shall be installed according to manufacturers standards.

The light fixture is to be attached to the following product: Pemco Lighting Products PSSS 4" square steel pole, 20' tall, CBCS clamshell base The steel pole is to be mounted to the concrete base according to the detail on this page or the manufacturers

The light fixture is to be attached to the steel light pole per manufacturers standards.

The lighting products mentioned above are to be purchased accordingly or a client/FSA approved equivalent. Contractor to install lighting per manufacturer's instructions and standards and should coordinate with the manufacturer for all installation guidance.





2 at 180°, 4 at 90°

strength steel tube and are available side drilled for arm mounted area lighting luminaires or with tenon mounts for flood and post top luminaires. Typical area lighting applications include retail centers, industrial parks, schools and universities, public transit and airports, office buildings and medical facilities. Mounting heights of 10 to 30 feet can be used based on selected luminaire

# **Specifications and Features:**

**Pole Specifications:** Conforms to ASTM-A 500 Grade B: Minimum Yield Strength of 46,000 PSI. Wall Thickness Available in 11 Gauge (.120") or 7 Gauge (.180").

Textured Architectural Bronze Powdercoat Finish, Baked to Ensure Maximum Paint Adhesion, Hardness and Durability.

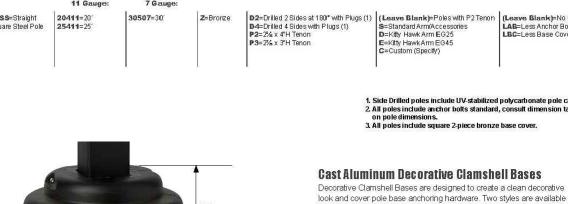
# Anchor Bolts are Included, Sized Based on Pole Data Charts for the Selected Pole Size.

**Hand Hole:** Cast Iron Reinforced Hand Hole and Cover with Ground Screw.

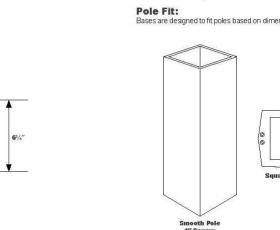
Poles are Provided With a Two-Piece Formed Steel Base Cover that is Easily Assembled

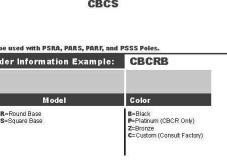
**Pole Length:**Poles are Available in Standard Lengths as Shown in the Order Matrix. Poles can be Custom Cut to Order. Consult Factory.

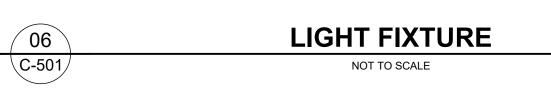
Mounting Options:
Standard Length Poles Include 23%" OD Tenon, Side Drilled 4@90 Degrees, UV-Stabilized Polycarbonate Top Cover and Hole Plugs for Unused Drilling Locations. Cut To Order Poles can be Side Drilled for 2@180 Degrees or 4@90 Degrees, Includes IV-Stabilized Polycarbonate Top Cover and Hole Plugs for Unused Drilling Locations. Cut To Order Poles May Also Be Ordered With 2¾" OD or 21%" OD Tenons for Use With Post Top Decorative Luminaires, Flood/Area Slip Fitter Fixtures, or Any of a Wide Variety of Pole Top Mounting Accessories.

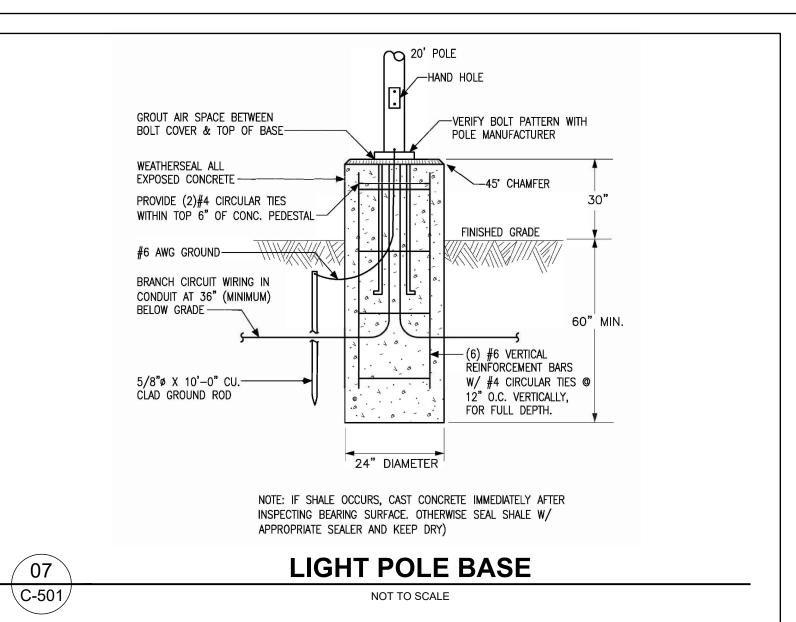


look and cover pole base anchoring hardware. Two styles are available in matching finish to coordinate with pole selection. Specifications and Features: Clamshell Bases: Die cast aluminum, Stainless Steel Hardware. CBCR and CBCS include sets of inserts that allow use on 4" and 5" square or round poles, and 120mm square or round tall







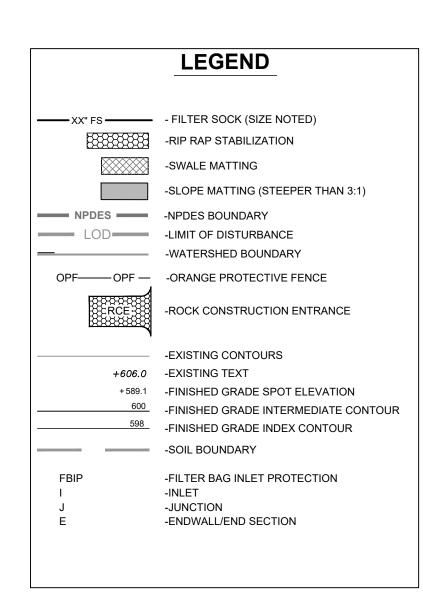


ROUND 50323 CMC 2-1-2022 PROJECT MANAGER CMC - cchiampi@fsa-inc.com Multiple Properties

SITE

**DETAILS** 

C-501 SHEET 5 OF 13



### SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

Contractor is to familiarize him/herself with the erosion and sediment control narrative and plans prior to construction. Contractor to notify the PA One Call System (1-800-242-1776) for the location of existing underground utilities at least three (3) days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities. A copy of the Erosion and Sediment Control Narrative shall be provided to the contractor. All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the following sequence. Each stage shall be completed and immediately stabilized before any following stage is initiated. Clearing, grubbing and topsoil stripping shall be limited only to those areas described in each stage. Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution, the operator shall implement appropriate best management practices to eliminate the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution. All pumping of sediment laden water shall be through a sediment control BMP, such as a pumped water filter bag or equivalent sediment removal facility, over undisturbed vegetated areas. The contractor shall not operate heavy machinery over proposed infiltration areas. All embankment slopes shall be tracked prior to stabilization.

Contractor shall contact Cumberland County Conservation District (717-240-6100), the Carlisle Borough (717-249-4422) and Frederick, Seibert & Associates (717-597-1007) at least five (5) days prior to the start of construction to schedule a pre-construction meeting.

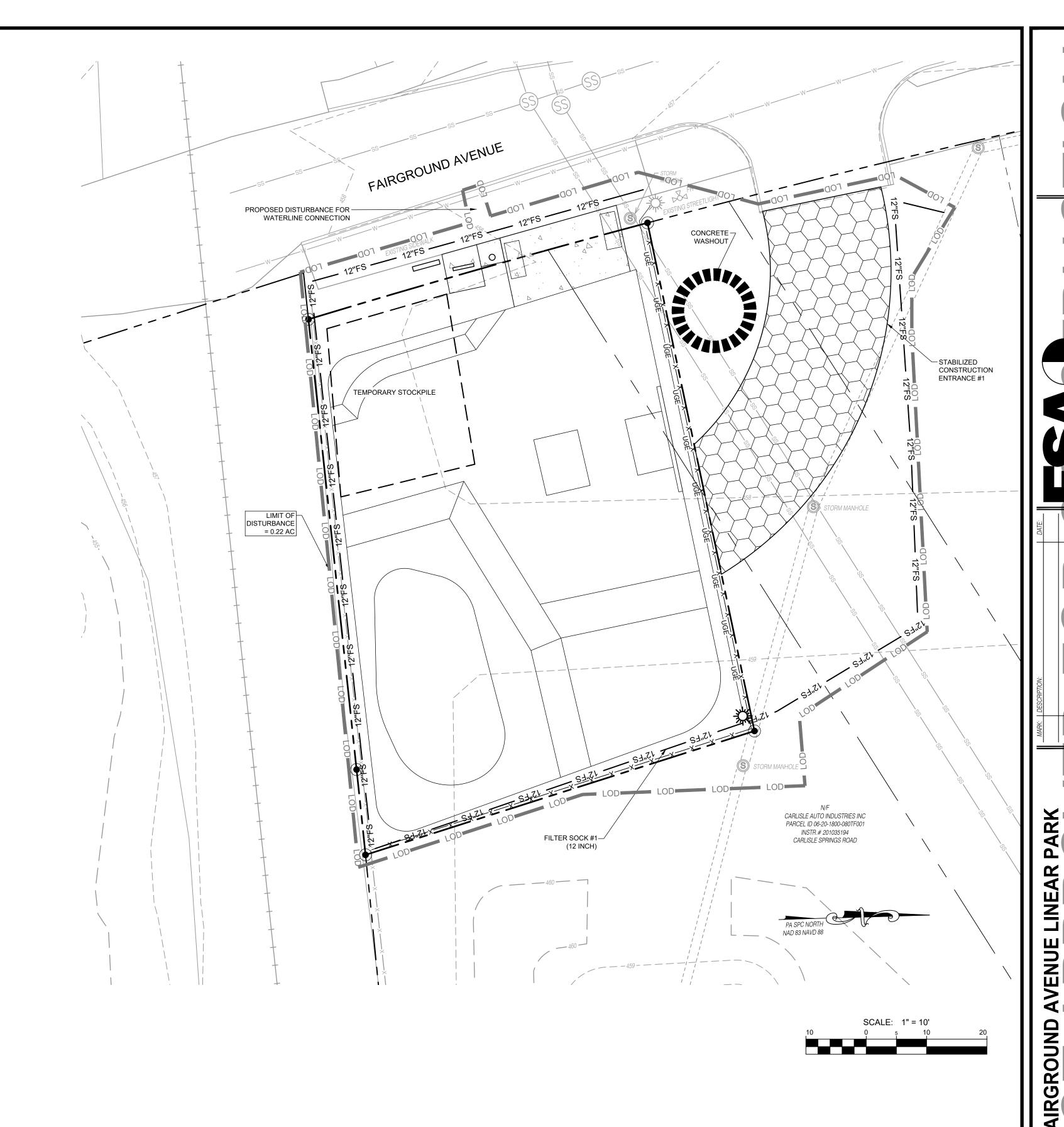
- 1. Field identify/stake the limits of disturbance.
- Install Rock Construction Entrance.
   Place all perimeter controls as shown on the plan. Clear & grub within limits of disturbance.
- 4. Strip topsoil, stockpile and stabilize per the temporary seeding specifications.5. Begin rough grading of site. Grading operations shall not concentrate flow to perimeter filter barriers.
- Construct storm drain line.
- 7. Once pad has been brought to grade, commence park construction.
- 8. Spread topsoil and stabilize per the permanent seeding specifications.

  9. Disturbed areas shall be stabilized and any affected RMP's must be rena
- 9. Disturbed areas shall be stabilized and any affected BMP's must be repaired immediately. Temporary BMP's may not be removed until a minimum uniform 70% perennial vegetative cover is well-established across the entire upslope contributing drainage area. All areas proposed to be paved must be paved or have a compacted stone base in place
- contributing drainage area. All areas proposed to be paved must be paved or have a compacted stone base in place.

  10. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operators shall contact the Cumberland County Conservation District for a final inspection prior to the removal of any remaining BMP's.

# STORMWATER NOTE

1. Lot is permitted for up to 80% impervious coverage. This plan proposes less than 80% coverage, so no new stormwater facilities are proposed.



PROJECT NO.

50323

DWN BY DATE
CMC 2-1-2022

PROJECT MANAGER
CMC - cchiampi@fsa-inc.com

PARCEL ID

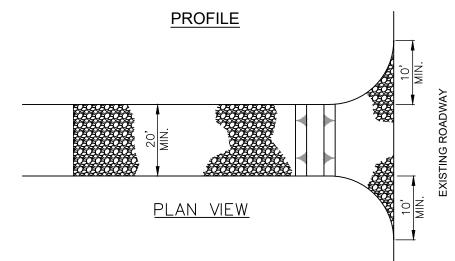
Multiple Properties

1" = 10'

ESC
PLAN

C-102
SHEET 6 OF 13

\*\*\*\*A COPY OF THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN MUST BE AVAILABLE AT THE PROJECT SITE AT ALL TIMES.\*\*\*\*



### \* MOUNTABLE BERM USED TO PROVIDE PROPER COVER FOR PIPE

Remove topsoil prior to installation of rock construction entrance. Extend rock over full width of entrance.

Runoff shall be diverted from roadway to a suitable sediment removal bmp prior to entering rock construction entrance.

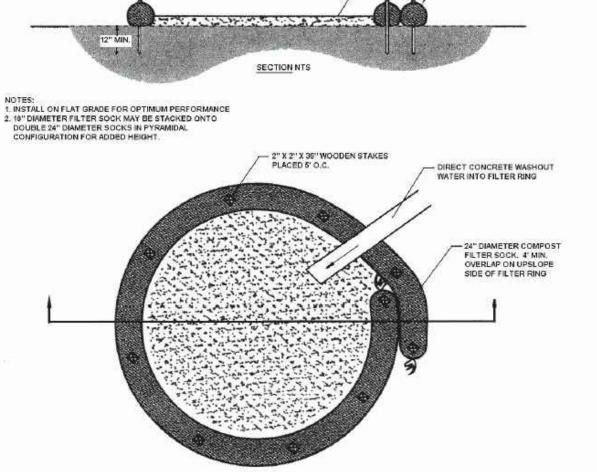
Mountable berm shall be installed wherever optional culvert pipe is used and proper pipe cover as specified by manufacturer is not otherwise provided. Pipe shall be sized appropriately for size of ditch being crossed.

Maintenance: Rock construction entrance thickness shall be constantly maintained to the specified dimensions by adding rock. A stockpile shall be maintained on site for this purpose. All sediment deposited on paved roadways shall be removed and returned to the construction site immediately. If excessive amounts of sediment are being deposited on roadway, extend length of rock construction entrance by 50 foot increments until condition is alleviated or install wash rack. Washing the roadway or sweeping the deposits into roadway ditches, sewers, culverts, or other drainage courses

### STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #3-1 ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

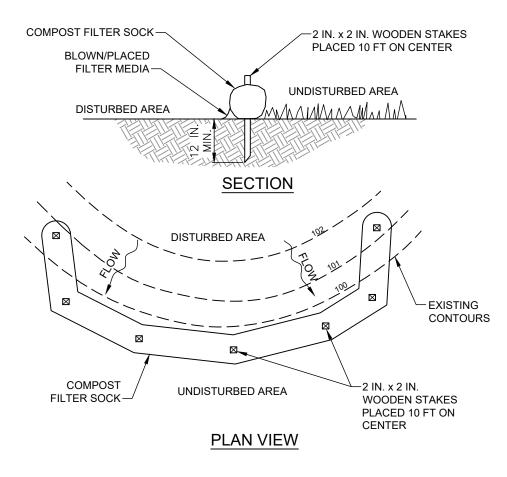
NOT TO SCALE





24" DIAMETER COMPOST

A suitable impervious geomembrane shall be placed at the location of the washout prior to installing the socks. Adapted from Filtrexx



Sock fabric shall meet standards of table 4.1 of the PA DEP erosion control manual. Compost shall meet the standards of table 4.2 of the PA DEP erosion control manual.

Compost filter sock shall be placed at existing level grade. Both ends of the barrier shall be extended at least 8 feet up slope at 45 degrees to the main barrier alignment. Maximum slope length above any barrier shall not exceed that specified for the size of the sock and the slope of its tributary area.

Traffic shall not be permitted to cross compost filter socks Accumulated sediment shall be removed when it reaches 1/2 the above ground height of the barrier and disposed in the manner described elsewhere in the plan.

Compost filter socks shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event. Damaged socks shall be repaired according to manufacturer's specifications or replaced within 24 hours of inspection

Biodegradable compost filter socks shall be replaced after 6 months; photodegradable socks after 1 year. polypropylene socks shall be replaced according to manufacturer's recommendations

Upon stabilization of the area tributary to the sock, stakes shall be removed. The sock may be left in place and vegetated or removed. In the latter case, the mesh shall be cut open and the mulch spread as a soil supplement.

### STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #4-1 COMPOST FILTER SOCK

NOT TO SCALE

## MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FEATURES

latter case, the mesh shall be cut open and the mulch spread as a soil supplement.

Until the site is stabilized, all erosion and sediment control BMPs shall be maintained properly. All temporary control measures and facilities shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event (Events larger than the .25 measurable storm event). Required repairs shall be made immediately, and shall be made by the site contractor. Disposal of all material cleaned from various sediment control devices shall be placed on the approved soil stockpile, which shall have filter fence installed on the downhill side.

## ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

Rock Construction Entrance thickness shall be constantly maintained to the specified dimensions by adding rock. A stockpile shall be maintained on site for this purpose. All sediment deposited on paved roadways shall be removed and returned to the construction site immediately. If excessive amounts of sediment are being deposited on roadway, extend length of rock construction entrance by 50 feet increments until condition is alleviated or install wash rack. Washing the roadway or sweeping the deposits into roadway ditches, sewer, culverts, or other drainage ways is not acceptable.

#### All concrete washout facilities should be inspected daily. Damaged or leaking washouts should be deactivated and repaired or replaced immediately. Accumulated materials should be removed when they reach 75% capacity. Plastic liners should be replaced with each cleaning of the washout facility.

COMPOST FILTER SOCK Traffic shall not be permitted to cross filter socks. Accumulated Sediment shall be removed when it reaches 1/2 the above ground height of the filter sock and disposed in the manner described elsewhere in the plan. Alternatively, rather than create a soil disturbing activity, the Conservation District may call for additional filter sock to be added at areas of high sedimentation, place immediately on top of the existing sediment laden filter sock. Socks shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event. Damaged socks shall be repaired according to manufacturer's specifications or replaced within 24 hours of inspection. Biodegradable filter sock shall be replaced after 6 months; photodegradable socks after 1 year. Polypropylene socks shall be replaced according to manufacturer's recommendations.

Upon stabilization of the area tributary to the sock, stakes shall be removed. The sock may be left in place and vegetated or removed. In the

# TOPSOIL APPLICATION

Graded areas should be scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface areas and to provide a roughened surface to prevent topsoil from sliding down slope.

Topsoil should be uniformly distributed across the disturbed area to a depth of 4 to 8 inches minimum (2 inches on fill outslopes). Spreading should be done in such a manner that sodding of seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional preparation of tillage. Irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoil placement should be corrected in order to prevent formation of depressions unless such depressions are part of the Post Construction Stormwater Management Plan.

Topsoil should not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet, or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

# NPDES PERMIT NOTES:

- The Permittee and Co-Permittee must ensure that visual site inspections are conducted weekly and after each precipitation event by a qualified person trained and experienced in erosion and sediment control, to ascertain that the BMP's are operational and effective in preventing pollution to the waters of the Commonwealth. A written report of each inspection shall be kept and include: a) summary of site condition, BMP's and compliance b) the date, time and the name of the person conducting the inspection.
- If BMP's are found to be inoperative or ineffective during an inspection, or any other time, the Permittee and/or Co-Permittee shall immediately contact the District. Documentation should include what steps are being taken to reduce, eliminate and prevent recurrence
- of the problem
- The Permittee and Co-Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- Erosion and sediment control plans must be made available at the site of the construction activity at all times.
- 5. If fuel or other dangerous chemicals are stored on site then a Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan must be developed and kept on site.

#### NPDES PERMIT EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

#### 2. MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

a. Visual Inspections The permittee and co-permittee must ensure that visual site inspections are conducted bi-weekly, and after each precipitation event by qualified personnel, trained and experienced in erosion and sediment control, to ascertain that the BMPs are operational and effective in preventing pollution to the waters of the Commonwealth. A written report of each inspection shall be kept, and

(1) a summary of site conditions, BMP's, and compliance; and

(2) the date, time, and the name of the person conducting the inspection. b. Noncompliance Reporting Where BMP's are found to be inoperative or ineffective during an inspection, or any other time, the permittee and co-permittee shall immediately contact the reviewing entity, by phone or personal contact, followed by the submission of a written report within 5 days of the initial contact. Noncompliance reports shall include the following information:

(1) Any condition on the project site which may endanger public health, safety, or the environment, or involve incidents which cause or (2) the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times and/or anticipated time when the activity will return to compliance;

(3) steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance; and (4) the date or schedule of dates, and identifying remedies for correcting noncompliance conditions.

3. RECORD KEEPING a. Retention of Records The permittee and co-permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information including copies of all monitoring and inspection reports required by this permit, and records of data used to complete the Notice of intent for this permit, for a period of three years

from the date of the termination of coverage under this permit

b. Reporting of Monitoring Reports Monitoring results shall be submitted to the reviewing entity upon request. PART B STANDARD CONDITIONS

1. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

b. Duty to Provide Information (1) The permittee or co-permittee shall furnish to the Department, or the local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity within 30 days of the date of request, any information that the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or coverage approved under this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. (2) The permittee or co-permittee shall furnish, upon request, to the Department, or the local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

(3) When the permittee or co-permittee becomes aware that he or she failed to submit any relevant facts or submitted incorrect information in the NOI, PPC Plan, E&S Control Plan, or in any other report to the Department, or the local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity, the permittee or co-permittee shall promptly submit or correct such facts or information (4) The permittee or co-permittee shall give seven calendar days advance notice to the Department, or the local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity, of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility which could, in any way, substantially affect the quality and/or quantity of stormwater discharged from the activity.

f. Facilities Construction, Operation, and Maintenance The permittee and co-permittee shall design, build, implement, and at all times operate and maintain BMP's, including PPC Plans, E&S Control Plans, and any other stormwater pollution prevention and management measures.

The permittee and co-permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

h. Reduction, Loss, or Failure of the BMPs Upon reduction, loss or failure of the BMPs, the permittee and co-permittee shall take immediate action to restore the BMPs or provide an alternative method of treatment. 2. COMPLIANCE RESPONSIBILITIES

a. Duty to Comply The permittee and co-permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this general permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law and the federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit or permit renewal.

b. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions The permittee and co-permittee may be subject to criminal and/or civil penalties for violations of the terms and conditions of this general permit under Section 602 and 605 of the Clean Streams Law, 35 P.s. Sections 691.602 and 691.605, and under the Clean Water Act as specified in 40 C.F.R. Sections 122.41 (a)(2) and (3), which are incorporated by reference.

#### OTHER CONDITIONS 2. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS

a. An Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, must be prepared, developed, and implemented for each activity covered by this permit in accordance with the Department's Chapter 102 Rules and Regulations, and Department guidance. Each plan must be submitted to the Department or local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity. E&S Control Plans, BMPs, and revisions thereto, which meet the requirements of Chapter 102, are conditions of this permit and incorporated by reference.

b. Erosion and Sediment Control Plans required under this permit are considered reports that shall be available to the public under Section 607 of the Clean Streams Law, and 25 Pa. Code, Chapter 92 of the Department's regulations. The owner or operator of a facility with stormwater discharges covered by this permit shall make plans available to the public upon request by the public. Erosion and Sediment Control Plans must be made available at the site of the construction activity at all times. c. The staging of earth disturbance activities and maintenance requirements contained in the E&S Plan must be followed

3. RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL OF BUILDING MATERIALS AND WASTES All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed in accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code section 260.1 et seq., section 271.1 et seq., and section 287.1 et seq. No building material or 5. PREPAREDNESS, PREVENTION AND CONTINGENCY PLANS

If the potential exists for causing accidental pollution of air, land, or water, or for causing endangerment of public health and safety through accidental release of toxic, hazardous, or other polluting materials, the permittee or co-permittee must develop a Preparedness, Prevention, and Contingency (PPC) Plan. The PPC Plan shall be developed in accordance with Department regulations. The PPC Plan shall identify areas which may include, but are not limited to, waste management areas, raw material storage areas, temporary and permanent spoils storage areas, maintenance areas, and any other areas that may have the potential to cause noncompliance with the terms and conditions of this permit due to the storage, handling, or disposal of any toxic or hazardous substances such as oil, gasoline, pesticides, herbicides, solvents, etc. BMP's shall be developed and implemented for each identified area. The PPC Plan shall be maintained on site at all times and shall be made available for review at the Department's or county conservation districts' request. 6. PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCES

The permittee or co-permittee shall contact the reviewing entity at least seven days before construction is to begin to determine if a pre-construction conference is required. The permittee, co-permittee and others undertaking the earth disturbance activity must attend a pre-construction conference if requested by the reviewing entity. SPOIL OR BORROW AREA

The Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, shall be prepared, developed and implemented for all spoil and borrow areas, regardless of their

8. PHASED PROJECTS Prior to the commencement of earth disturbance activities for additional phases or portions of the project, the permittee or co-permittee shall submit an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan for each additional phase or portion of the project for review and authorization by the reviewing entity. Coverage under this permit is only granted for those phases or portions of a project for which an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan has been submitted to and authorized by the reviewing entity. 10. WETLAND PROTECTION If hydric soils are present, a wetland determination must be conducted in accordance with Department procedures. All wetlands identified must be included on the E&S Control Plan.

## IMPORT/EXPORT FILL ENVIRONMENTAL DUE DILIGENCE

Any fill material required for the site or excess material to be wasted from the site is required to be hauled from or to, as applicable, a site with an approved soil erosion and sediment control plan

The Owner/Developer and/or Operator is responsible to perform environmental due diligence and determine that all fill imported to the site or exported from the site meets the D.E.P. definition of clean fill.

Clean Fill: Uncontaminated, non-water soluble, non-decomposable, inert, solid material. The term includes soil, rock, stone, dredged material, used asphalt, and brick, block or concrete from construction and demolition activities that is separate from other waste and is recognizable as such. The term does not include materials placed in or on the waters of the Commonwealth unless otherwise authorized. (the term "used asphalt" does not include milled asphalt or asphalt that has been processed for re-use.)

Environmental due diligence: Investigative techniques, including, but not limited to visual property inspections, electronic data base searches review of property ownership, review of property use history. Sanborn maps, environmental questionnaires, transaction screens, analytical testing, environmental assessments or audits. Analytical testing is not a required part of due diligence unless visual inspection and/or review of the past land use of the property indicates that the fill may have been subjected to a spill or release of regulated substance.

## RECYCLING & DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

Wastes generated during the construction of this project shall be recycled if at all possible. This shall include the erosion control bmps. Any materials that cannot be recycled or reused shall be disposed of at a NPDES permitted site. If soil and/or rock disposal or borrow areas are required, approved erosion and sedimentation controls shall be implemented at these areas that meet chapter 102 and/or other state and federal regulations.

All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed in accordance with the department's solid waste management regulations at 25 pa. code 260.1 et seq. 271.1, and 287.1 et seq. No building materials or waste unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped or discharged at the site.

## ANTICIPATED CONSTRUCTION WASTES

Anticipated construction wastes requiring recycling or disposal are:

 Building material waste. 2. Concrete wash water.

Construction worker's trash.

#### STANDARD E&S PLAN NOTES

- A copy of the stamped approved drawings signed and dated by the Cumberland County Conservation District must be available at the project site at all times. At least 7 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities (including clearing and grubbing), the owner and/or operator shall invite all
- contractors, the landowner, appropriate municipal officials, the E&S Plan preparer, the post construction stormwater management plan preparer, and a representative from the Cumberland County Conservation District to an on-site preconstruction meeting. At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area previously unmarked, the Pennsylvania One
- Call System Inc. shall be notified at 1-800-242-1776 for the location of existing underground utilities. All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the sequence provided on the plan drawings. Deviation from that
- sequence must be approved in writing from the Cumberland County Conservation District or by DEP prior to implementation. Clearing, grubbing, and topsoil stripping shall be limited to those areas described in each stage of the construction sequence. General site clearing, grubbing and topsoil stripping may not commence in any stage or phase of the project until the E&S BMPs specified by the Construction Sequence for that stage or phase has been installed and are functioning as described in this document.

At no time shall construction vehicles be allowed to enter areas outside the limit of disturbance boundaries shown on the plan maps. These areas must be clearly marked and fenced off before clearing and grubbing operations begin.

All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed of in accordance with the Department's Solid

Stockpile heights must not exceed 35 feet. Stockpile slopes must be 2H:1V or flatter. Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution, the operator shall implement appropriate BMPs to minimize the potential for erosion and sediment pollution and notify the Cumberland County Conservation District and/or the regional office of DEP

Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code Chapter 260, §§260.1 et seq., 271.1, and 287.1 et. seq. No building materials or wastes or unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped, or discharged at the site. All off-site waste and borrow areas must have an E&S Plan approved by the Cumberland County Conservation District or DEP fully

implemented prior to being activated The contractor is responsible for ensuring that any material brought on site is Clean Fill. Form FP-001 must be retained by the property

owner for any fill material affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance but qualifying as Clean Fill due to analytical testing. All pumping of water from any work area shall be done according to the procedure described in this plan, over undisturbed vegetated

Vehicles and equipment may neither enter directly nor exit directly from Lots onto Public Streets except where shown 4. Until the site is stabilized, all E&S BMPs must be maintained properly. Maintenance must include inspections of all E&S BMPs after each runoff event and on a weekly basis. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, re-grading, reseeding, re-mulching and re-netting must be performed immediately. If E&S BMPs fail to perform as expected, replacement

BMPs or modifications of those installed will be required. 5. A written report showing dates that E&S BMPs were inspected as well as any deficiencies found and the date they were corrected shall be maintained on the site and be made available to regulatory agency officials at the time of inspection Sediment tracked onto any public roadway or sidewalk shall be returned to the construction site by the end of each work day and

disposed in the manner described in this plan. In no case shall the sediment be washed, shoveled, or swept into any roadside ditch, storm sewer or surface water

All sediment removed from BMPs shall be disposed of in the manner described on the plan drawings. 3. Areas which are to be topsoiled shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 4 inches prior to placement of topsoil. Areas to be vegetated shall have a minimum 4 inches of topsoil in place prior to seeding and mulching. Fill outslopes shall have a minimum of 2 inches of

). All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related problems. Fill intended to

support buildings, structures and conduits, etc. shall be compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes. All fills shall be placed in compacted layers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness.

21. Fill materials shall be free of frozen particles, brush, roots, sod, or other foreign or objectionable materials that would interfere with or prevent construction of satisfactory fills.

Frozen materials or soft, mucky, or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated into fills. 23. Fill shall not be placed on saturated or frozen surfaces.

24. Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled in accordance with the standard and specification for subsurface drain or other approved method. 5. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately upon reaching finished grade. Cut slopes in competent bedrock and rock

fills need not be vegetated. 6. Immediately after earth disturbance activities cease in any area or subarea of the project, the operator shall stabilize all disturbed areas. During non-germinating months, mulch or protective blanketing shall be applied as described in the plan. Areas not at finished grade, which will be reactivated within 1 year, may be stabilized in accordance with the temporary stabilization specifications. Those areas

which will not be reactivated within 1 year shall be stabilized in accordance with the permanent stabilization specifications. Permanent stabilization is defined as a minimum uniform, perennial 70% vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with a density sufficient to resist accelerated erosion. Cut and fill slopes shall be capable of resisting failure due to slumping, sliding, or other

3. E&S BMPs must remain functional as such until all areas tributary to them are permanently stabilized or until they are replaced by another BMP approved by the Cumberland County Conservation District or DEP.

Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the Cumberland County Conservation District for an inspection prior to removal/conversion of the E&S BMPs.

After final site stabilization has been achieved, temporary E&S BMPs must be removed or converted to permanent post construction stormwater management BMPs. Areas disturbed during removal or conversion of the BMPs must be stabilized immediately. In order to ensure rapid revegetation of disturbed areas, such removal/conversions should be done only during the germinating season. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the Cumberland County Conservation District to schedule a final inspection.

Failure to correctly install E&S BMPs, failure to prevent sediment-laden runoff from leaving the construction site, or failure to take immediate corrective action to resolve failure of E&S BMPs may result in administrative, civil, and/or criminal penalties being instituted by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection as defined in Section 602 of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law. The Clean Streams Law provides for up to \$10,000 per day in civil penalties, up to \$10,000 in summary criminal penalties, and up to \$25,000 in misdemeanor criminal penalties for each violation.

# SEEDING NOTES

## TEMPORARY SEEDING (TEMPORARY STABILIZATION)

Seed: Annual Rve 40 lbs/acre

Mulch: Straw 3 tons/acre. ( Straw and hay mulch should be anchored immediately after application to prevent being windblown. A tractor-drawn implement may be used to "crimp" the straw or hav into the soil. This method is limited to slopes no steeper than 3:1. The machinery should be operated on the contour. Note: Crimping of hay or straw by running over it with tracked machinery is not

All diversions, channels, sediment traps and stockpiles shall be stabilized immediately. Any disturbed area on which activity has ceased and which will remain exposed shall be stabilized immediately. During non-germinating periods, mulch shall be applied at the recommended rates. Disturbed areas which are not at finished grade and which will be redisturbed within 1 year may be stabilized in accordance with the Temporary Seeding Specifications. Disturbed areas which are either at finished grade or will not be redisturbed within 1 year shall be stabilized in accordance with the Permanent Seeding Specifications.

PERMANENT SEEDING (PERMANENT STABILIZATION) Nurse Crop: Annual Ryegrass 10 lbs/acre (PLS)

Seed (Mix 2): Kentucky bluegrass 25 lbs/acre, plus Redtop 3 lbs/acre or Perennial ryegrass 15 lbs/acre (PLS) Critical areas (Mix 3): Birdsfoot Trefoil 6 lbs/acre, plus Tall Fescue 30 lbs/acre (PLS)

Fertilizer: Soil tests are recommended. In the absence of a soil test apply at the rate of 10-10-20 @ 1000 lbs/acre Mulch: Straw 3 Tons/acre Asphalt: SS-1 or Equivalent 150 Gal./acre

B. SEED DATES March 15th - May 15th

Lime: Six tons/acre

All areas shall be permanently seeded and mulched within one (1) week of reaching final grade, if in seeding season, otherwise temporary seeding requirements shall be met. All areas seeded with a temporary mixture will receive a permanent seed mixture during the first growing season following the finished grading. Areas with permanent slopes of 2:1 or greater shall be stabilized using crown vetch, as per the requirements of standard and specifications for critical areas stabilization (with ground covers, vines, shrub, and trees).

	Ap	oplication Rate (Mi	n.)	
Mulch Type	Per Acre	Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Per 1,000 sq. yd.	Notes
Straw	3 Tons	140 lb.	1,240 lb.	Either wheat or oat straw, free of weeds, not chopped or finely broken
Нау	3 Tons	140 lb.	1,240 lb.	Timothy, mixed clover and timothy or other native forage grasses
Wood Cellulose	1,500 lb.	35 lb.	310 lb.	Do not use alone in winter, during hot and dry weather or on steep slopes (>3:1)
Wood	1,000 lb. Cellulose	25 lb.	210 lb.	When used over straw or hay
Wood Chips	4-6 Tons	185-275 lb.	1,650-2,500 lb.	May prevent germination of

Straw and hay mulch should be anchored immediately after application to prevent being windblown. A tractor-drawn implement may be used to "crimp" the straw or hay into the soil. This method is limited to slopes no steeper than 3:1. The machinery should be operated on the ntour. (Note: Crimping of hay or straw by running over it with tracked machinery is not recomm

Straw and hay mulch should be anchored immediately after application to prevent being windblown. A tractor-drawn implement may be used to "crimp" the straw or hay into the soil. This method is limited to slopes no steeper than 3:1. The machinery should be operated on the contour. (Note: Crimping of hay or straw by running over it with tracked machinery is not recommended.) Polymeric and gum tackifiers mixed and applied according to manufacturer's recommendations may be used to tack mulch

Synthetic binders, or chemical binders, may be used as recommended by the manufacture to anchor mulch provided sufficeint documentation is provided to show they are non-toxic to native plant and animal species

> 50323 CMC 2-1-2022 PROJECT MANAGER CMC - cchiampi@fsa-inc.com

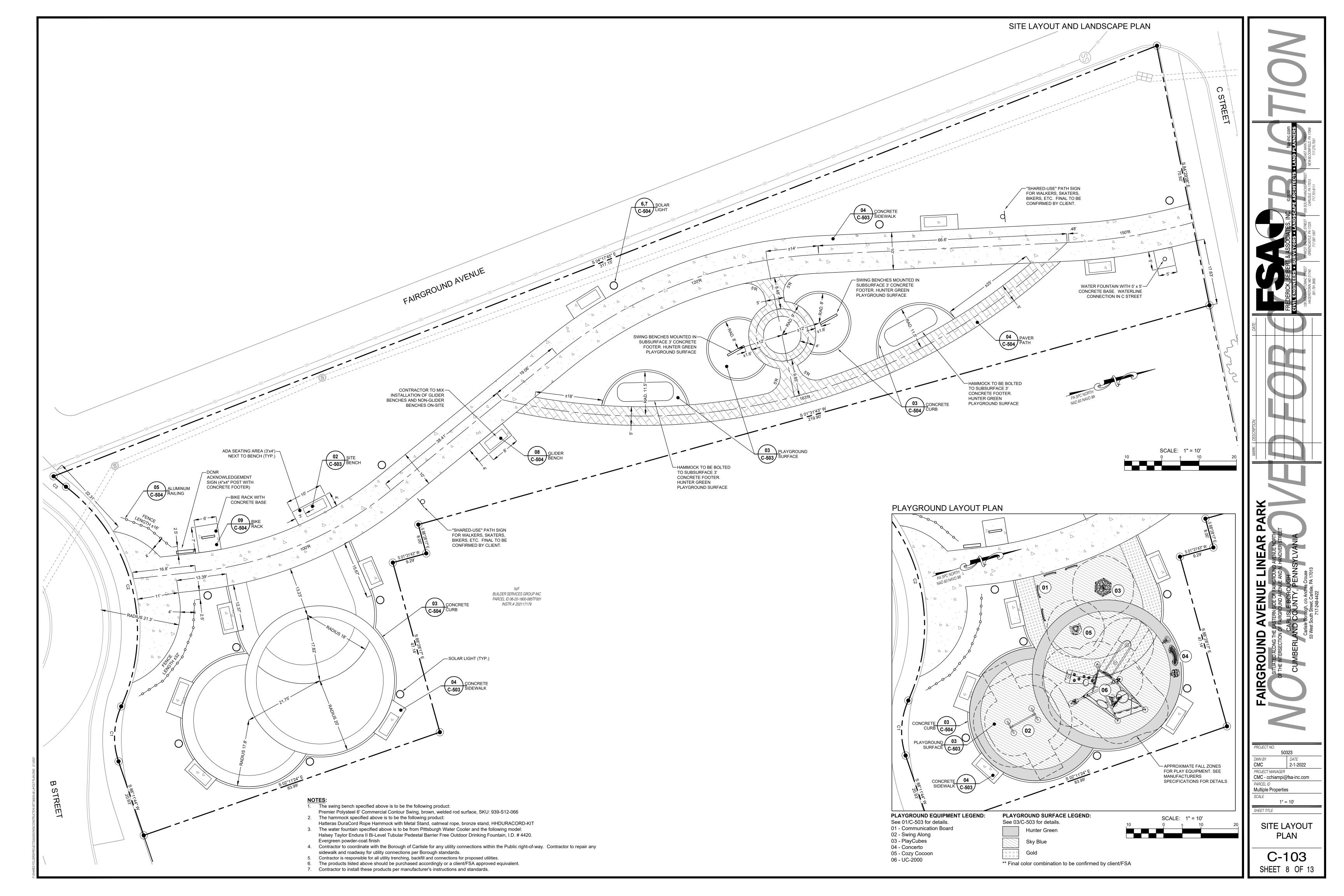
Multiple Properties

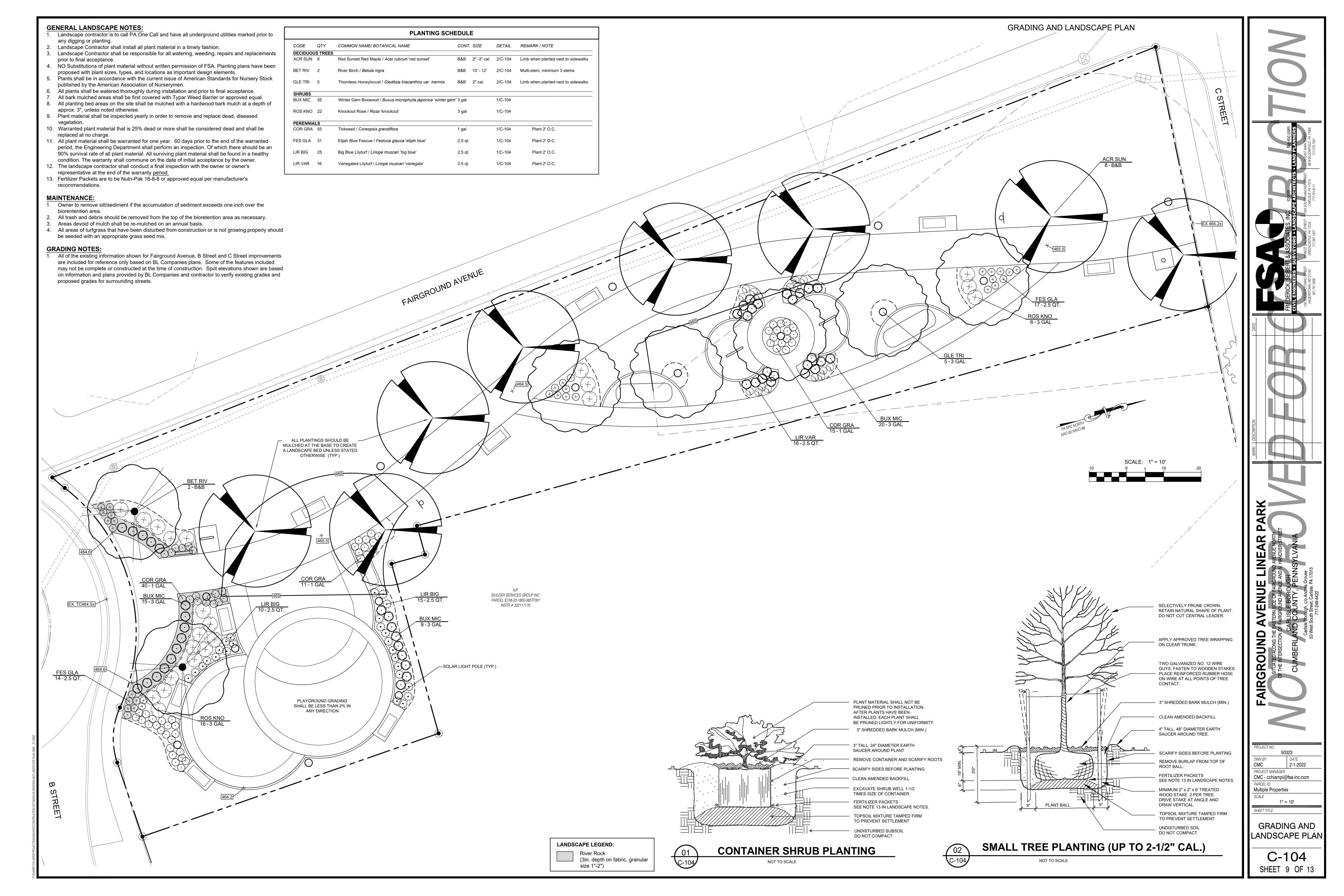
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C

**ESC NOTES** & DETAILS

C-502





#### 02 - SWING ALONG

# Swing Along



### Why swing alone, when you can Swing Along?

This multigenerational swing allows children ages 5 and under to sit face-to-face with and in close proximity to a sibling, parent or caregiver. This configuration promotes social, emotional, visual, vestibular, proprioceptive and language skill development, and is a great way to teach little ones how to swing.

03 - PLAYCUBES

C-503

A single, sleek rotomolded piece with chain suspension features an easy-to-access adult seat and an extra deep toddler seat that provides trunk support and an added handhold area. Swing Along seats and chains must be used with the designated Swing Along arches and add-a-bays (sold separately).

Swing - Double wall rotationally molded LLDPE (linear low

Hardware - 18-8 grade stainless 635 steel; tamper-proof

Chain - Steel 4/0 silver shield coated chain

**Arch Swing Frame:** 

Weldments - 3.50 OD x 13 ga galv steel tubing, 4.0 OD x 8 ga galv steel tubing,

**Top Rail** - 3.5 OD x 8 ga

**Weldments** - 5.0 OD x 1/8" wall aluminum tubing, 4.65 OD 6061-T6 Aluminum

**Top Rail** - 5.0 OD x 11 ga aluminum tubing

PLAYGROUND EQUIPMENT

NOT TO SCALE

PlayCubes 1.0

Lewisburg, PA | 800.233.8404 | +1.570.522.9800 | Playworld.com



# Concerto







# Let all kids play in perfect

The Concerto line of outdoor musical equipment allows children of all abilities to experience the joy and benefits of making music. Designed at a more accessible angle and height, these instruments can be played comfortably by all kids, including those with mobility devices. Both the Vibes and Chimes are tuned on a diatonic scale, which means that kids can achieve more accurate musical notes and learn to play real songs. Each has good sustain when struck with the attached rubber mallets, immersing children in sensory stimulation from the vibrations. Concerto Cabasas produce a metallic rattle as they spin, ranging in frequency depending upon drum size. Kids will keep the rhythm as others join in on

the Congas, which differ in diameter and length to give

Weldmen	its	Galvanized 1/8" steel plates; 1-5/16" OD 14-gauge & 1" oval 15-gauge steel tubing - All Components
Plastic Pa	nels	1/2" and 3/4" HDPE (high-density polyethylene) sheets - Cabasas - Vibes
Hardware	•	18-8 Stainless Steel, Tamper resistant – All Components
Coating		Super durable, electrostatically applied powder coat - All Components
Steel pos	ts	5.00" OD x 11 gage galvanized steel tubing - Bongo post, 3.50" OD x 13 gage galvanized steel tubing - Chimes frame - Vibes post - Cabasas post
Aluminun	n	6063 Aluminum - Chimes

ABS plastic

each one a unique tone.

Chimes and Vibes must be installed OUTSIDE of the playground area in regions that follow CSA certification This is in order to meet playground compliance since there are several issues with the instruments using mallets that will not meet the guidelines

Lewisburg, PA | 800.233.8404 | +1.570.522.9800 | Playworld.com



Description	Item Number	Ages	Space Required	Size	Fall Height	Play Events	Child Capac		Weight	AT	A/4	TWIFT ER	SC PUTS	AUGSA-T
Concerto" Chimes	ZZXX0667	2-12		21" X 3'6" X 5'8" Q 62m X 1,07m X 1,73m	17	1	2	2hr - ING 1hr - SM	130 lbs 59 kg					
Concerto" Vibes	ZZXX0666	2-12	48	1'4" X 4'9" X 6'2" 0,40m X 1,44m X 1,87m	(S)	1	2	2hr - ING 1hr - SM	136 lbs 62 kg					
Concerto" Small Cabasa	ZZXX0660	2-12	<b>.</b>	1'1" x 1'7" X 3'1" 0,33m X 0,49m X 0,94m	+	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	59 lbs 27 kg		•		•	
Concerto" Medium Cabasa	ZZXX0661	2-12	48	1'1" X 1'10" X 3'4" 0,33m X 0,57m X 1,02m	(S)	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	67 lbs 30 kg				•	
Concerto" Large Cabasa	ZZXX0662	2-12	<b>.</b>	1'1" X 2'1" X 3'7" 0,33m X 0,65m X 1,10m	+	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	79 lbs 36 kg		•	٠	•	
Concerto" Two Congas	ZZXX0663	2-12		1'8" X 1'11" X 2'4" 0,51m X 0,58m X 0,70m	æ	1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	51 lbs 23 kg				•	
Concerto" Three Congas	ZZXX0664	2-12	-	2'0" X 2'6" X 2'7" Q 62m X 0,76m X 0,78m	17	1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	62 lbs 28 kg			٠	•	
Concerto" Five Congas	ZZXX0665	2-12	-	2'2" X 2'9" X 2'10"	(2)	1	2	1hr - ING	78 lbs					

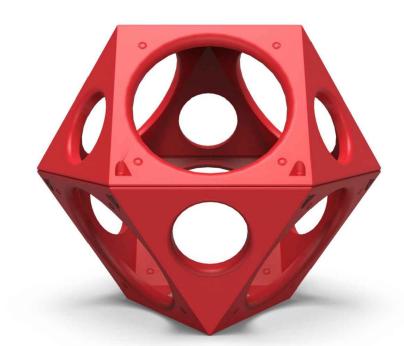
# Concerto

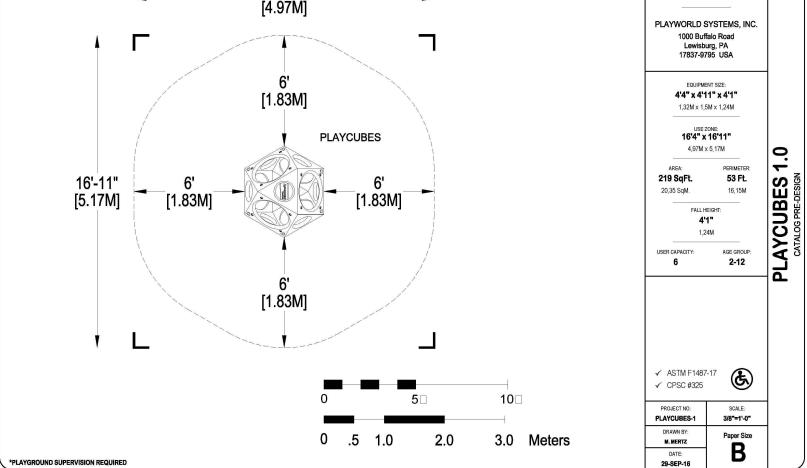
Description	Item Number	Ages	Space Required	Size	Fall Height	Play Events	Child Capac	l Install ity Hours	Weight	15	1/2	STANT CO	SC PUDS	AUGS A.
Concerto" Chimes	ZZXX0667	2-12		2'1" X 3'6" X 5'8" Q 62m X 1,07m X 1,73m		1	2	2hr - ING 1hr - SM	130 lbs 59 kg					
Concerto" Vibes	ZZXX0666	2-12		1'4" X 4'9" X 6'2" 0,40m X 1,44m X 1,87m	678	1	2	2hr - ING 1hr - SM	136 lbs 62 kg	*				
Concerto" Small Cabasa	ZZXX0660	2-12	<b>(5)</b>	1'1" x 1'7" X 3'1" 0,33m X 0,49m X 0,94m	15	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	59 lbs 27 kg		•	•	٠	
Concerto" Medium Cabasa	ZZXX0661	2-12	<b>S</b>	1'1" X 1'10" X 3'4" 0,33m X 0,57m X 1,02m		1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	67 lbs 30 kg	*	•	•	•	
Concerto" Large Cabasa	ZZXX0662	2-12	<b>(5)</b>	1'1" X 2'1" X 3'7" 0,33m X 0,65m X 1,10m	15	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	79 lbs 36 kg		•	•	٠	٠
Concerto" Two Congas	ZZXX0663	2-12	=	1'8" X 1'11" X 2'4" Q51m X Q58m X Q70m	S2	1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	51 lbs 23 kg		•	•	•	٠
Concerto" Three Congas	ZZXX0664	2-12	<b>*</b>	2'0" X 2'6" X 2'7" 0,62m X 0,76m X 0,78m		1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	62 lbs 28 kg		•	•	•	
Carrotta True Course	7700000	0.10		2'2" X 2'9" X 2'10"		а	0	1hr - ING	78 lbs	-	120	- 20	1020	

Description	Item Number	Ages	Space Required	Size	Fall Height	Play Events	Chil Ca pa	d Install city Hours	Weight	AL.	A A	CAN ES	SC PUTTS	ats Harito
Concerto" Chimes	ZZXX0667	2-12		2'1" X 3'6" X 5'8" Q 62m X 1,07m X 1,73m	17	1	2	2hr - ING 1hr - SM	130 lbs 59 kg					•
Concerto" Vibes	ZZXX0666	2-12		1'4" X 4'9" X 6'2" 0,40m X 1,44m X 1,87m		1	2	2hr - ING 1hr - SM	136 lbs 62 kg		•			•
Concerto" Small Cabasa	ZZXX0660	2-12	*	1'1" x 1'7" X 3'1" Q 33m X 0,49m X 0,94m	171	1	1	1,5hr - ING .5hr - SM	59 lbs 27 kg		•	•		
Concerto" Medium Cabasa	ZZXX0661	2-12	•	1'1" X 1'10" X 3'4" Q33m X 0,57m X 1,02m	SE	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	67 lbs 30 kg	*	•	•	•	
Concerto" Large Cabasa	ZZXX0662	2-12	*	1'1" X 2'1" X 37" 0,33m X 0,65m X 1,10m	15	1	1	1,5hr - ING .5hr - SM	79 lbs 36 kg		•	•	٠	
Concerto" Two Congas	ZZXX0663	2-12	•	1'8" X 1'11" X 2'4" Q 51m X 0,58m X 0,70m	(S)	1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	51 lbs 23 kg		•	•	•	
Concerto" Three Congas	ZZXX0664	2-12	*	2'0" X 2'6" X 2'7" Q 62m X 0,76m X 0,78m		1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	62 lbs 28 kg		•	•	٠	
Concento" Fina Congo	77000000	2.12		2'2" X 2'9" X 2'10"		я	9	1hr - ING	78 lbs				1020	

ber	Ages	Required	Size	Height	Events	Capa	city Hours	Weight	NO.	1/4	LALL CA	SC PUD	ALIS PAR
667	2-12	<b>(5)</b>	2:1" X 3:6" X 5:8" Q 62m X 1,07m X 1,73m	187	1	2	2hr - ING 1hr - SM	130 lbs 59 kg					
666	2-12	•	1'4" X 4'9" X 6'2" 0,40m X 1,44m X 1,87m	37.	1	2	2hr - ING 1hr - SM	136 lbs 62 kg		•			
660	2-12	患	1'1" x 1'7" X 3'1" Q 33m X 0,49m X 0,94m	15:	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	59 lbs 27 kg		•		•	
661	2-12	•	1'1" X 1'10" X 3'4" Q33m X 0,57m X 1,02m	371	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	67 lbs 30 kg	*	•		•	•
662	2-12	法	1'1" X 2'1" X 37" 0,33m X 0,65m X 1,10m	151	1	1	1.5hr - ING .5hr - SM	79 lbs 36 kg					
663	2-12	•	1'8" X 1'11" X 2'4" Q51m X 0,58m X 0,70m	371	1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	51 lbs 23 kg	*	•		•	•
664	2-12	微	2'0" X 2'6" X 2'7" Q 62m X 0,76m X 0,78m	18	1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	62 lbs 28 kg		•		•	
665	2-12	· ·	2'2" X 2'9" X 2'10" 0,66m X 0,83m X 0,85m	324	1	2	1hr - ING .5hr - SM	78 lbs 35 kg	*			•	

# ⇒ PLAYWORLD\* PLAYWORLD SYSTEMS, INC 4'4" x 4'11" x 4'1" [1.83M] 1,32M x 1,5M x 1,24M USE ZONE: 16'4" x 16'11" 4,97M x 5,17M





**PLAYGROUND SPECIFICATIONS:** 

Contractor to coordinate with the local playground equipment supplier George Ely and Associates for any questions or clarifications in reference to the above playground equipment All playground equipment color palettes should be reviewed with the client/FSA before purchase.

The playground equipment is to be purchased accordingly or a client/FSA approved equivalent. Contractor to install playground equipment per manufacturer's instructions and standards.

# Cozy Cocoon





# Features

05 - COZY COCOON

### Cozy on up to this inclusive sensory escape.

Every kid wants to get away from the action once in a while. Cozy Cocoon is a comfortable place where up to three children (or a child and parent) can retreat to and just hang out or spin the day away. Especially designed for kids on the autism spectrum, this little pod provides a sense of enclosure for children who are overstimulated, while still allowing for easy caregiver supervision through several windows. Interior textures and molded-in features offer a calming activity that encourages imagination and exploration. Cozy Cocoon is available as a

stationary component that attaches to your Playmakers° or Challengers° structure via a 6' (1,83m) arm, or as a spinning, freestanding play event.

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Materials:

3/8" steel plate

tubing, 7 gauge steel plate

(linear low density polyethylene)

# cables, external polyester yarn stranded rope

Steel Frame - 2.38" OD 12 gauge galvanized steel

Post - 5.00" OD 11 gauge galvanized steel tubing,

Plastic - Double wall rotationally molded LLDPE

Rope - Internal four-stranded galvanized steel

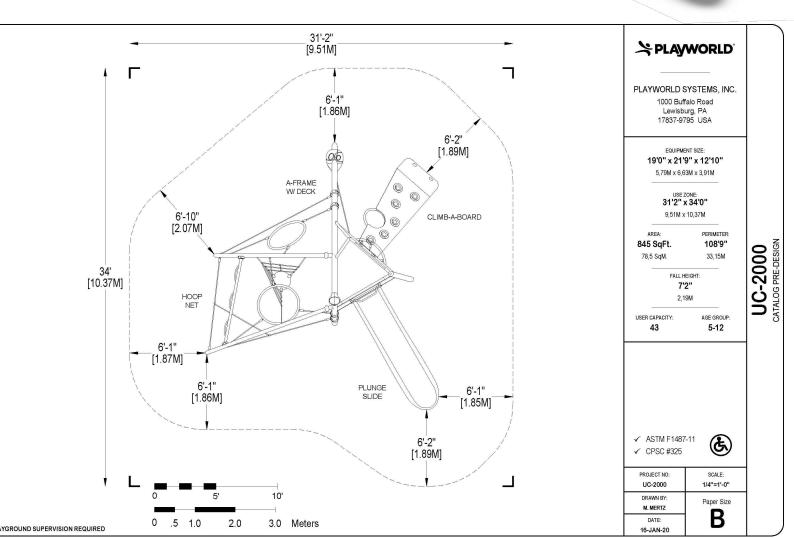
Clamps - 535 Almag Aluminum Hardware - 18-8 grade stainless steel that requires tooling to install or remove

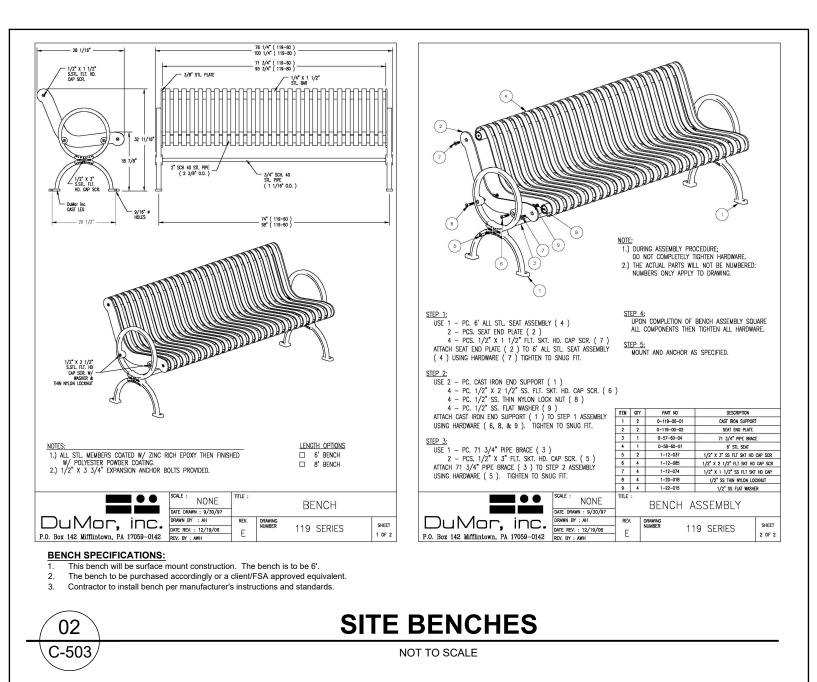
Coating - Super durable polyester powder coat electrostatically applied at a thickness of 2-5mils

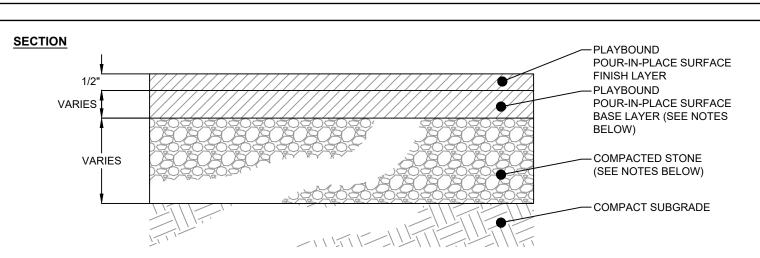
# Cozy Cocoon continued

Description	Item Number	Ages	Space Required	Size	Fall Height	Play Events	Child Capacity	Install Hours	Weight
Cozy Cocoon - Stationary	ZZCH8606	2-12	0	2' 9" x 5' 6" x 6' 5" (0,83m x 1,68m x 1,95m)	1' 8" (0,5m)	1	3	2	116 lbs lbs (52 kgkg)
Cozy Cocoon - Stationary (Surface Mount)	ZZCH8606S	2-12	0	2' 9" x 5' 6" x 6' 5" (0,83m x 1,68m x 1,95m)	1' 8" (0,5m)	1	3	2	108 lbs lbs (49 kgkg)
Cozy Cocoon - Stationary	ZZPM8606	2-12	0	2' 9" x 5' 6" x 6' 5" (0,83m x 1,68m x 1,95m)	1' 8" (0,5m)	1	3	2	118 lbs lbs (54 kgkg)
Cozy Cocoon - Stationary (Surface Mount)	ZZPM8606S	2-12	0	2' 9" x 5' 6" x 6' 5" (0,83m x 1,68m x 1,95m)	1' 8" (0,5m)	1	3	2	110 lbs lbs (50 kgkg)
Cozy Cocoon" Freestanding	ZZXX0483	2-12	14' 11" x 14' 9" (4,55m x 4,5m)	2' 11" x 2' 9" x 4' 0" (0,89m x 0,84m x 1,22m)	1' 2" (0,36m)	1	3	1.5	132 lbs (60 kg)

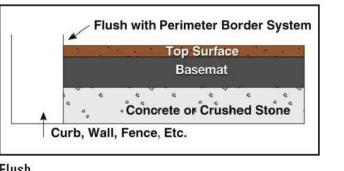


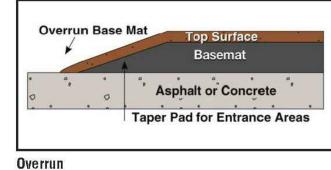






#### **TYPICAL EDGE DETAILS**





The pour-in-place surface is to be PlayBound Pour-in-Place surfacing provided by: Surface America

505 Aero Drive, Suite 1

Cheektowaga, NY 14225 Typical thickness range for pour-in-place surface is 1-3/4" to 5-1/2"

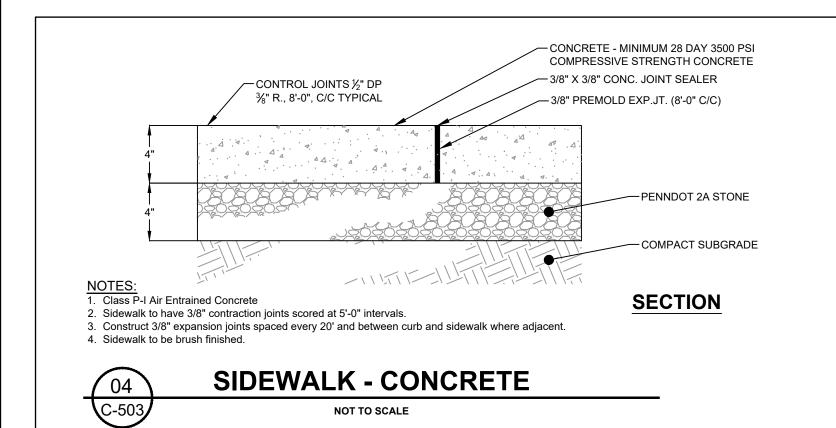
95% Standard Proctor Compaction (as per ASTM Test) is of critical importance. 4. Stone for the base must be a homogeneous mix of 3/4" stone down to fines and you need to achieve a 95% compaction. The minimum depth of the crushed stone base is 4". Typical thickness range is 4" - 6". Crushed stone base layers thicker than 6" are more challenging

to achieve the necessary 95% compaction rate throughout the base. Thickness is never to exceed 10". 7. Crushed stone base must be fully contained. 8. Stone base depth to be coordinated with manufacturer specifications for the correct fall depth thickness for the proposed equipment.

9. Depth of base layer for the play surface to be coordinated with manufactuer specifications for the correct fall depth thickness for the proposed 10. The colors are to be Sky Blue, Hunter Green and Gold. Refer to the Playground Layout Plan on sheet C-103. Colors to be confirmed by client. 11. The playground surface is to be purchased accordingly or a client/FSA approved equivalent.

12. Contractor to install playground surface per manufacturer's instructions and standards.

# **O3** POUR-IN-PLACE PLAYGROUND SURFACE





**DETAILS** 

GROUND

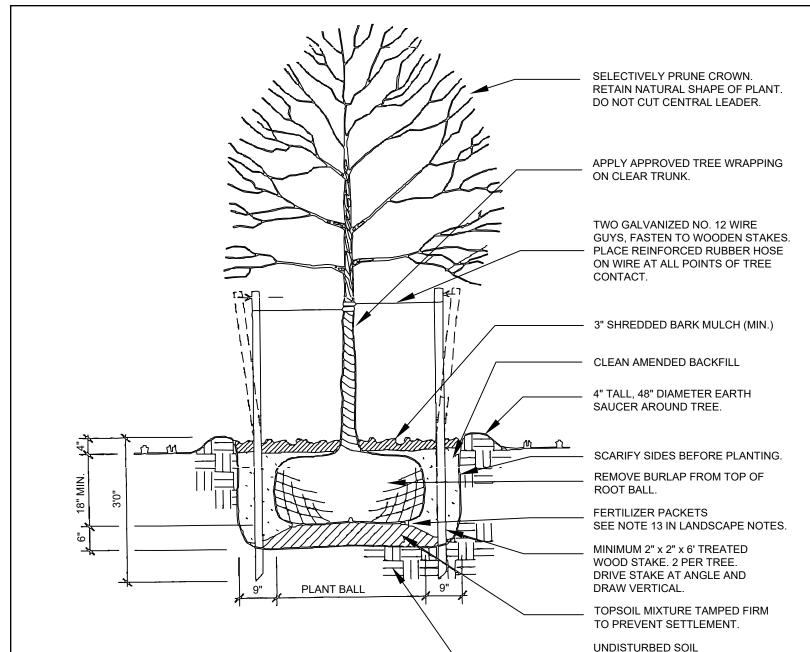
C-503

#### **GENERAL LANDSCAPE NOTES:**

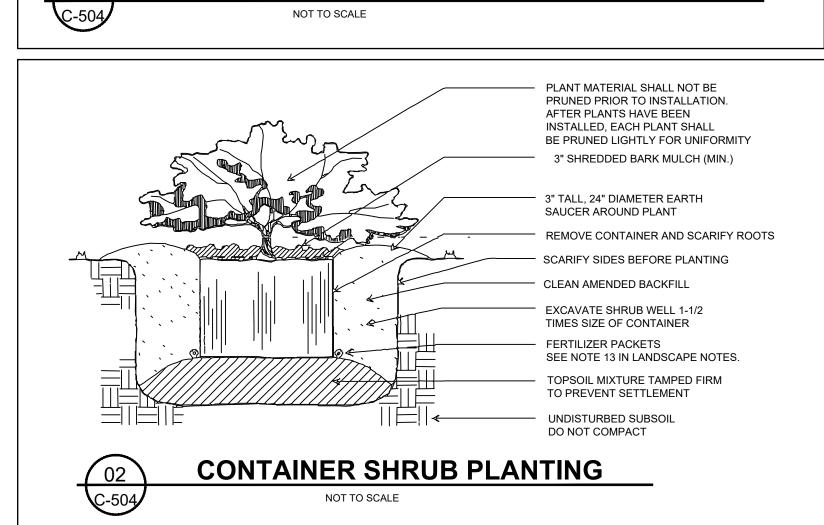
- 1. Landscape contractor is to call PA One Call and have all underground utilities marked prior to any digging or planting.
- 2. Landscape Contractor shall install all plant material in a timely fashion.
- 3. Landscape Contractor shall be responsible for all watering, weeding, repairs and replacements prior to final acceptance. 4. NO Substitutions of plant material without written permission of FSA. Planting plans have been proposed with plant sizes.
- types, and locations as important design elements. 5. Plants shall be in accordance with the current issue of American Standards for Nursery Stock published by the American
- Association of Nurserymen. 6. All plants shall be watered thoroughly during installation and prior to final acceptance.
- 7. All bark mulched areas shall be first covered with Typar Weed Barrier or approved equal.
- 8. All planting bed areas on the site shall be mulched with a hardwood bark mulch at a depth of approx. 3", unless noted
- otherwise. 9. Plant material shall be inspected yearly in order to remove and replace dead, diseased vegetation.
- 10. Warranted plant material that is 25% dead or more shall be considered dead and shall be replaced at no charge.
- 11. All plant material shall be warranted for one year. 60 days prior to the end of the warranted period, the Engineering Department shall perform an inspection. Of which there should be an 90% survival rate of all plant material. All surviving plant material shall be found in a healthy condition. The warranty shall commune on the date of initial acceptance by the owner.
- 12. The landscape contractor shall conduct a final inspection with the owner or owner's representative at the end of the warranty
- 13. Fertilizer Packets are to be Nutri-Pak 16-8-8 or approved equal per manufacturer's recommendations.

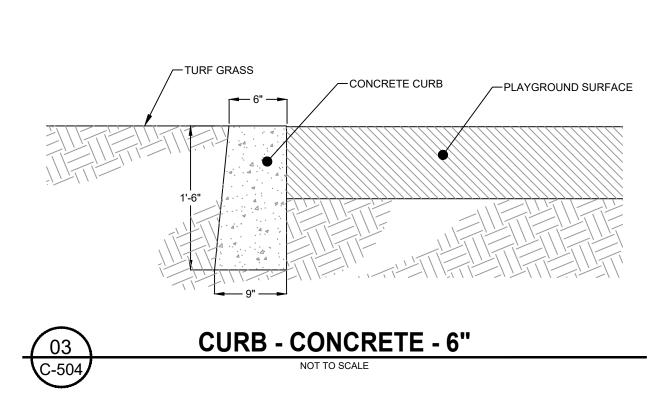
#### **MAINTENANCE:**

- Owner to remove silt/sediment if the accumulation of sediment exceeds one inch over the biorentention area.
- All trash and debris should be removed from the top of the bioretention area as necessary. Areas devoid of mulch shall be re-mulched on an annual basis.
- 4. All areas of turfgrass that have been disturbed from construction or is not growing properly should be seeded with an appropriate grass seed mix.











# MISTA RANDOM

DESCRIPTION: Paver TEXTURE: Multi-textured



Height  $2 \frac{1}{16}$  65 Width  $7 \frac{7}{8}$  200 100 units drainage and manage excess runoff. The use

90 units Width 7 1/8 Length 11 13/16 300

JOINT WIDTH: 3/16" TO 9/16" ( 4 TO 14 mm) % OF SURFACE OPENING: 6.3 % INFILTRATOIN RATE: 610 in./hr 05 | Modular pattern 06 | Linear pattern

A. PRECAST CONCRETE PAVER 2 3/8" (60 mm) THICK MIN. B. SAND JOINT FILL C. SAND SETTING BED (CONCRETE SAND) 1" (25 mm) D. EXTRAWIDTH EQUAL TO FOUNDATION THICKNESS E. LAWN F. PLASTIC EDGE

PRESSED STEEL SQ POST CAP

-INDUSTRIAL DRIVE RIVET

-UNIVERSAL BRACKET - SEE DETAIL; SEE

- ALUMINUM RING INSTALLED W/ INDUSTRIAL

-- 3/4" SQ. PICKET w/ PLUG - 16GA OR 18GA

INDUSTRIAL DRIVE RIVET ----

4'TO 6' 2 1/2"x14 GA NOTE: MINIMUM SHEER STRENGTH 3,000 LBS AND HOLDING POWER OF 2,200 LBS.

10' TO 12' 4"X11 GA GUARDSMAN SECURITY BRACKET DETAIL 1"=1'-0"

06 NOV 20

SECURITY BRACKET

MACHINE NUT-

-MACHINE BOLT W/ NU

~ UNIVERSAL BRACKE

SELF TAPPING SCRE

1 PN COM KN 8W x 3-8H

-- POST - SEE POST SIZING CHART

CONCRETE (BY OTHER)

POST SIZING CHART

GRADE 3' OR LESS 2"x14 GA

HEIGHT OF FENCE POST BELOW | HEIGHT OF FENCE SIZE OF POST

GUARDSMAN PANEL - KENT

8' WIDE x 3' TO 8' HIGH

**ALUMINUM RAILING** 

NOT TO SCALE

SECURITY BRACKET DETAIL FOR ALTERNATE

G. NAIL H. GEOTEXTILE I. COMPACTED GRANULAR BASE 0-3/4" (0-20 mm)

J. SUBGRADE

**PAVER SPECIFICATIONS:** Mista paver block to be color chestnut brown.

Paver blocks to be arranged in Linear 06 pattern.

Permeable pavers allow for storm water

See page 60 to 62 for more technical

for more technical information.

04 | Modular pattern

information. When used in a permeable

pavement application, see page 99 to 104

See page 29 for more information about

certification easier to obtain.

of permeable pavers also facilitates LEED®

4. Contractor to install block steps per manufacturer's instructions and standards.

The paver block is to be purchased accordingly or a client/designer approved equivalent.



 $7'-7\frac{3}{4}"$  FACE TO FACE OF POST

GUARDSMAN PANEL - KENT ELEVATION - OUTSIDE LOOKING IN 1/2''=1'-0'

The aluminum railing to be purchased accordingly or a client/FSA approved equivalent.

Contractor to install railing per manufacturer's instructions and standards

POST DEPTH CHART\*

\* SEE NOTE 3

6' OR MORE

I. SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN CAN BE CHANGED BY

ALL COMPONENTS OF THE PANEL TO BE COATED

. VERIFY POST DEPTH AND FOOTING DIMENSIONS

USTOM DIMENSIONS ARE AVAILABLE UPON

COPYRIGHT () MERCHANTS METALS ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

This height of the railing is to be 4'.

QUEST. FOR HIGHER CUSTOM PANELS, PLEASE

Merchants Metals

TH LOCAL CODES AND SITE CONDITIONS.

HE MANUFACTURER ONLY.

<sup>^</sup> 05 <sup>^</sup>

**\C-504**/

BLACK, OTHER COLORS AVAILABLE

NTACT THE STATESVILLE PLANT.



pathways, parks.

# **LUCE SOLARE**

the environment is inactive. When there is activity, the

**ADVANTAGES** 

sensor increases the output to 100%.

#### The LUCE SOLARE LSL-19 is a solar pathway solution that integrates the solar panel, LED module and the battery into a single product. LSL-19 provides energy savings, high-luminance and low maintenance. The LSL-19 design and technology eliminates the need for bulky external battery boxes, while maintaining maximum light output using high efficiency solar cells. The LSL-19 incorporates SMART TECHNOLOGY that automatically switches off during the day for efficient charging. Bi-level dimming is controlled by the passive infrared (PIR) sensor that optimizes performance. The LSL-19 PIR sensor dims down to 500 lumens when

APPLICATION: The LSL-19 is designed to meet

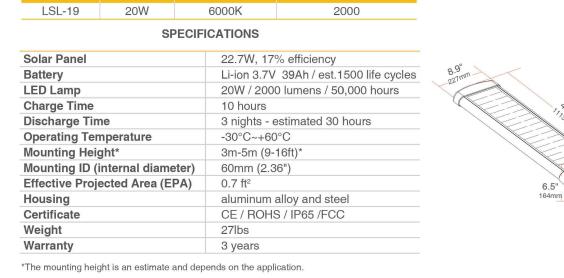
 Integrated Solution Environmentally Friendly
 IP65 recommended illuminance in areas such as local roadways,

 140° distribution, 8m (26 ft) coverage area

www.beghelliusa.com

\$0 energy cost

#### ORDERING INFORMATION



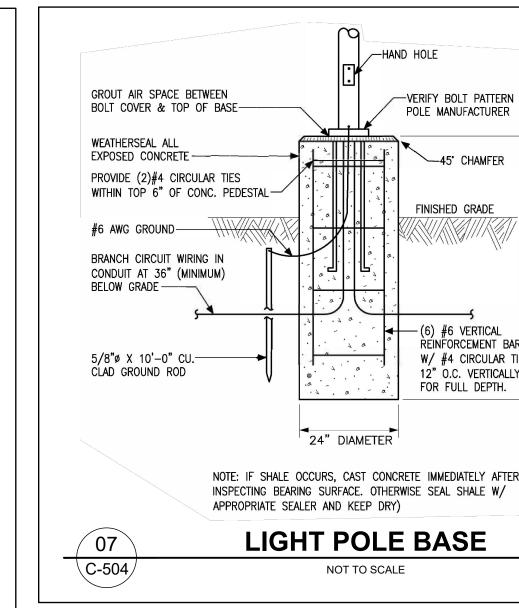
Beghelli reserves the right to change, without notice, specifications or materials that in our opinion will not after the function or performance of the product. Technical specifications that appear on www.beghelliusa.com.guersade.all other versions existing in print or electronic form

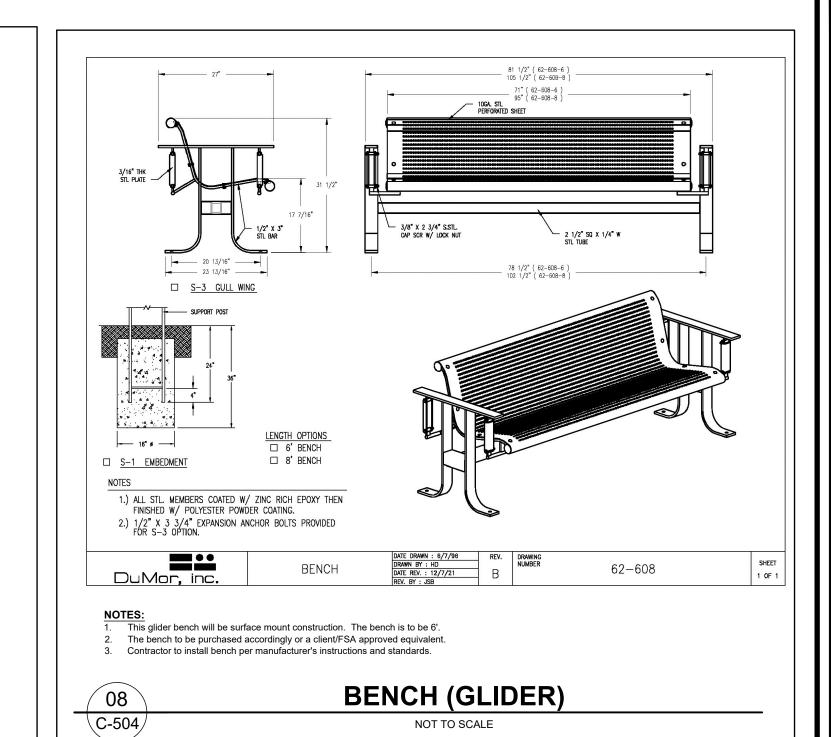
The solar lamp light is to be attached to the following steel pole product:

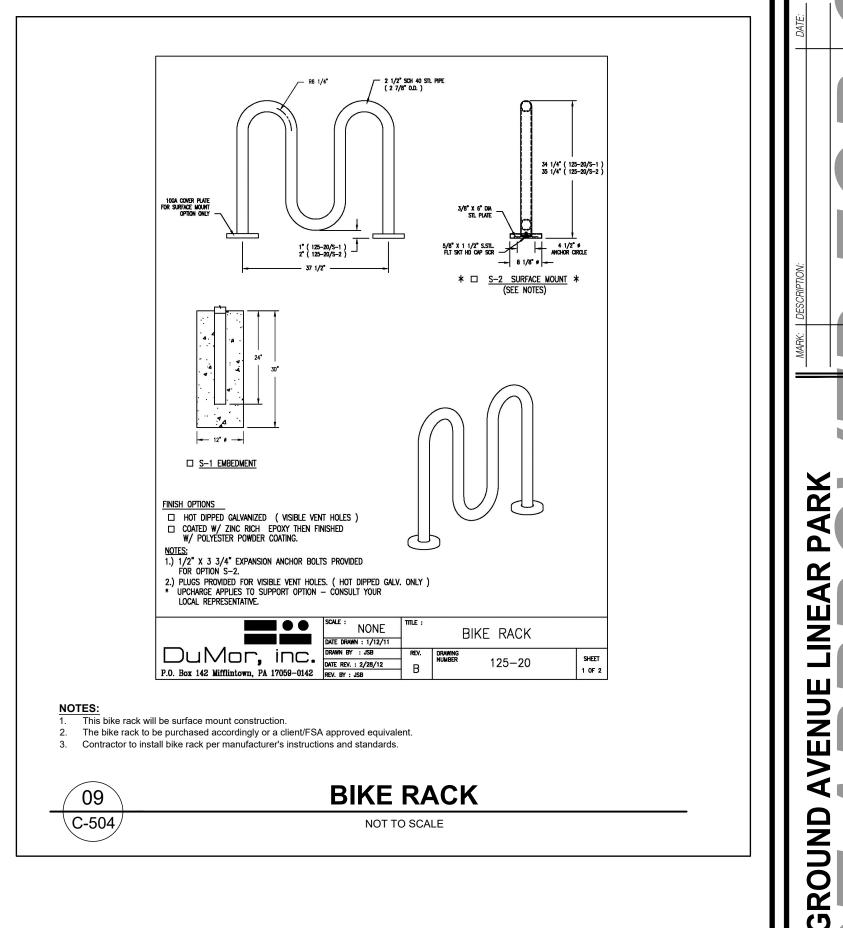
HUBBELL (SSS-18-40-7-TA-GR) 4" Straight square steel, 18' tall, color = gray The steel pole is to be attached to the concrete base according to the detail on this page or the

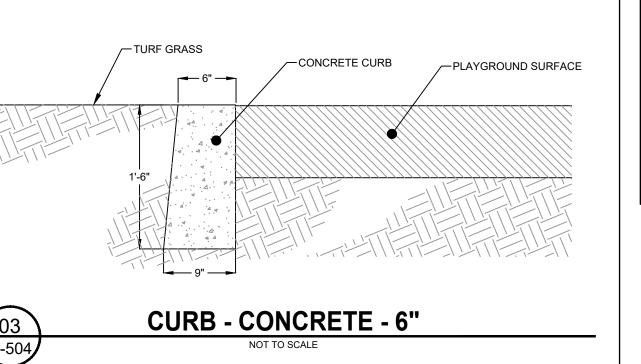
manufacturers specifications. The solar lamp lighting is to be purchased accordingly or a client/designer approved equivalent. Contractor to install solar lighting per manufacturer's instructions and standards.

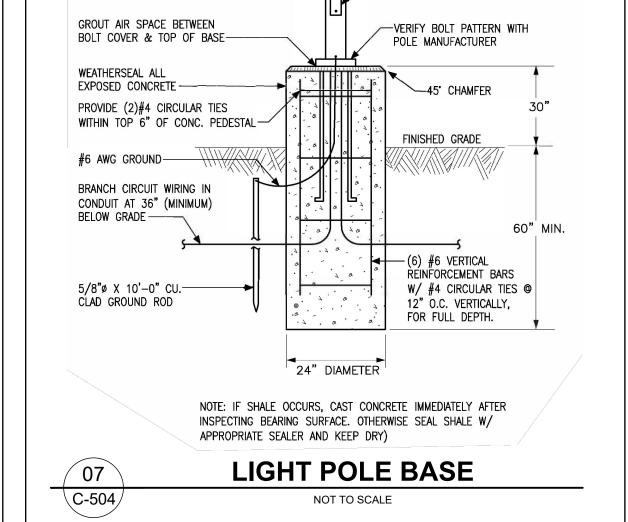
**SOLAR LIGHT** 06 C-504 NOT TO SCALE











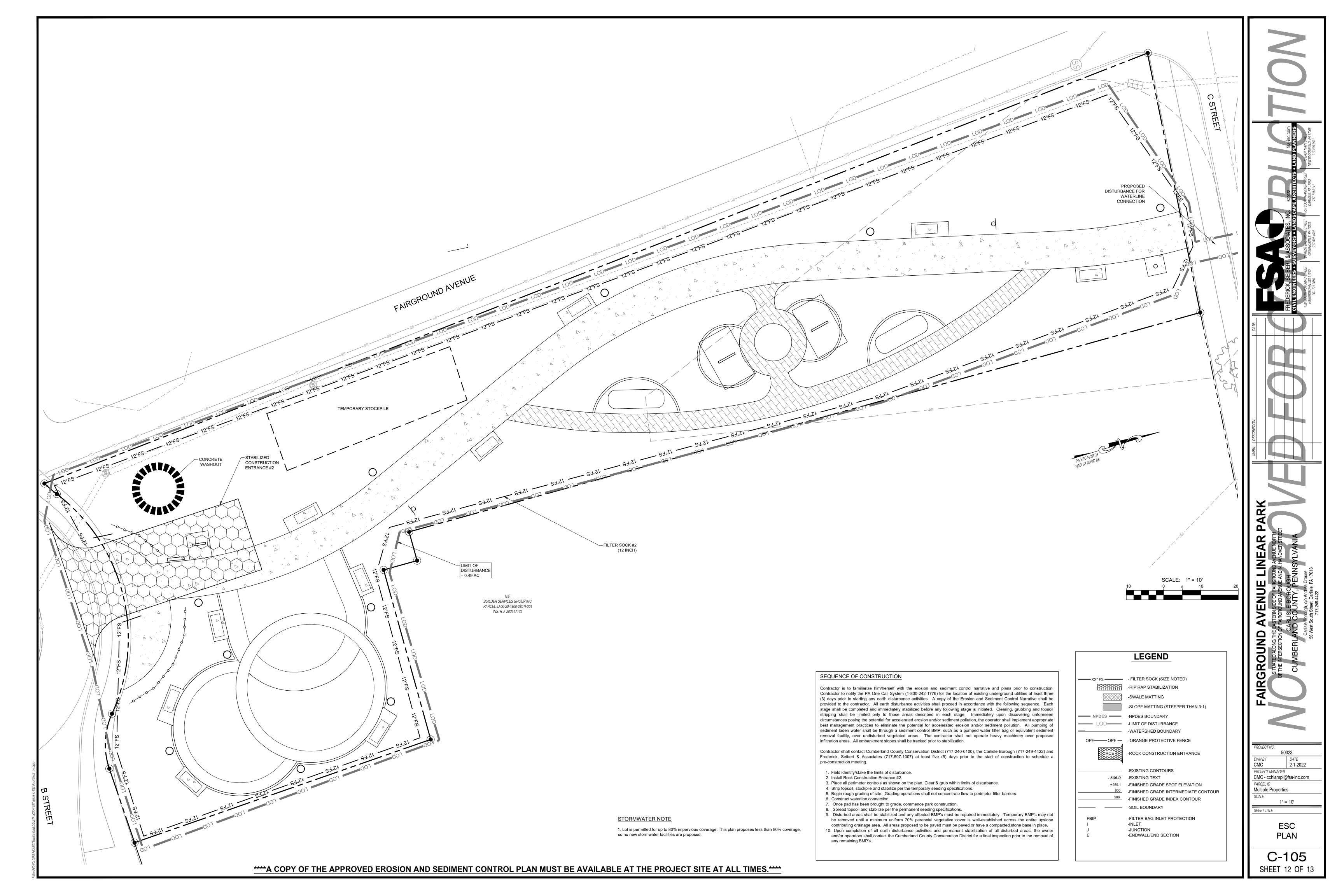
50323 2-1-2022 PROJECT MANAGER CMC - cchiampi@fsa-inc.com Multiple Properties SITE

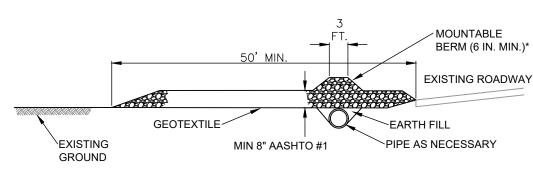
(5)

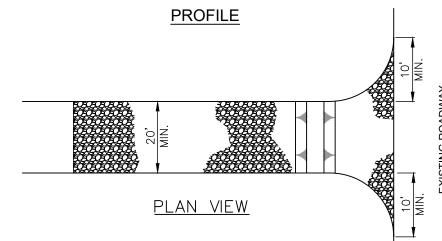
CMC

C-504 SHEET 11 OF 13

**DETAILS** 







### \* MOUNTABLE BERM USED TO PROVIDE PROPER COVER FOR PIPE

Remove topsoil prior to installation of rock construction entrance. Extend rock over full width of entrance.

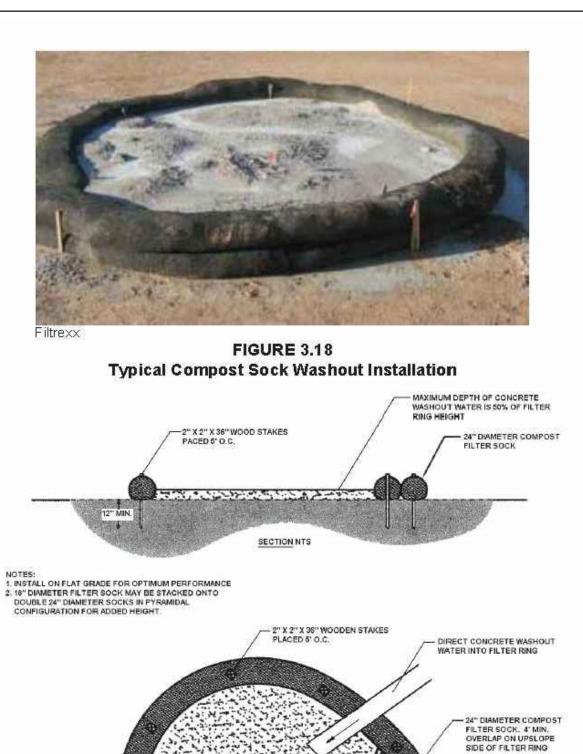
Runoff shall be diverted from roadway to a suitable sediment removal bmp prior to entering rock construction entrance.

Mountable berm shall be installed wherever optional culvert pipe is used and proper pipe cover as specified by manufacturer is not otherwise provided. Pipe shall be sized appropriately for size of ditch being crossed.

Maintenance: Rock construction entrance thickness shall be constantly maintained to the specified dimensions by adding rock. A stockpile shall be maintained on site for this purpose. All sediment deposited on paved roadways shall be removed and returned to the construction site immediately. If excessive amounts of sediment are being deposited on roadway, extend length of rock construction entrance by 50 foot increments until condition is alleviated or install wash rack. Washing the roadway or sweeping the deposits into roadway ditches, sewers, culverts, or other drainage courses

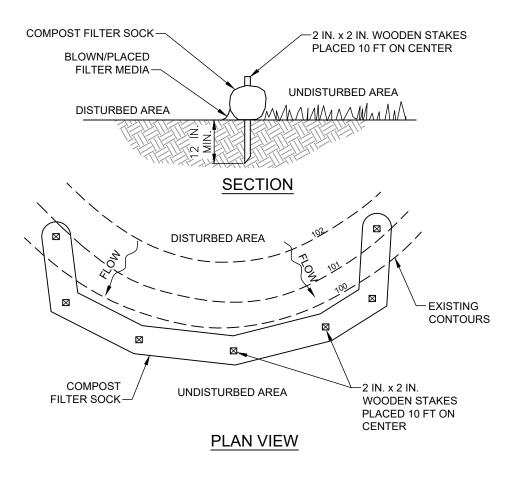
### STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #3-1 ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

NOT TO SCALE



A suitable impervious geomembrane shall be placed at the location of the washout prior to

installing the socks. Adapted from Filtrexx



Traffic shall not be permitted to cross compost filter socks

Sock fabric shall meet standards of table 4.1 of the PA DEP erosion control manual. Compost shall meet the standards of table 4.2 of the PA DEP erosion control manual.

Compost filter sock shall be placed at existing level grade. Both ends of the barrier shall be extended at least 8 feet up slope at 45 degrees to the main barrier alignment. Maximum slope length above any barrier shall not exceed that specified for the size of the sock and the slope of its tributary area.

Accumulated sediment shall be removed when it reaches 1/2 the above ground height of the barrier and disposed in the manner described elsewhere in the plan.

Compost filter socks shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event. Damaged socks shall be repaired according to manufacturer's specifications or replaced within 24 hours of inspection

Biodegradable compost filter socks shall be replaced after 6 months; photodegradable socks after 1 year. polypropylene socks shall be replaced according to manufacturer's recommendations

Upon stabilization of the area tributary to the sock, stakes shall be removed. The sock may be left in place and vegetated or removed. In the latter case, the mesh shall be cut open and the mulch spread as a soil supplement.

### STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #4-1 COMPOST FILTER SOCK

NOT TO SCALE

## MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FEATURES

Until the site is stabilized, all erosion and sediment control BMPs shall be maintained properly. All temporary control measures and facilities shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event (Events larger than the .25 measurable storm event). Required repairs shall be made immediately, and shall be made by the site contractor. Disposal of all material cleaned from various sediment control devices shall be placed on the approved soil stockpile, which shall have filter fence installed on the downhill side.

## ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

Rock Construction Entrance thickness shall be constantly maintained to the specified dimensions by adding rock. A stockpile shall be maintained on site for this purpose. All sediment deposited on paved roadways shall be removed and returned to the construction site immediately. If excessive amounts of sediment are being deposited on roadway, extend length of rock construction entrance by 50 feet increments until condition is alleviated or install wash rack. Washing the roadway or sweeping the deposits into roadway ditches, sewer, culverts, or other drainage ways is not acceptable.

#### All concrete washout facilities should be inspected daily. Damaged or leaking washouts should be deactivated and repaired or replaced immediately. Accumulated materials should be removed when they reach 75% capacity. Plastic liners should be replaced with each cleaning

of the washout facility. COMPOST FILTER SOCK

Traffic shall not be permitted to cross filter socks. Accumulated Sediment shall be removed when it reaches 1/2 the above ground height of the filter sock and disposed in the manner described elsewhere in the plan. Alternatively, rather than create a soil disturbing activity, the Conservation District may call for additional filter sock to be added at areas of high sedimentation, place immediately on top of the existing sediment laden filter sock. Socks shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event. Damaged socks shall be repaired according to manufacturer's specifications or replaced within 24 hours of inspection. Biodegradable filter sock shall be replaced after 6 months; photodegradable socks after 1 year. Polypropylene socks shall be replaced according to manufacturer's recommendations. Upon stabilization of the area tributary to the sock, stakes shall be removed. The sock may be left in place and vegetated or removed. In the latter case, the mesh shall be cut open and the mulch spread as a soil supplement.

# TOPSOIL APPLICATION

Graded areas should be scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface areas and to provide a roughened surface to prevent topsoil from sliding down slope.

Topsoil should be uniformly distributed across the disturbed area to a depth of 4 to 8 inches minimum (2 inches on fill outslopes). Spreading should be done in such a manner that sodding of seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional preparation of tillage. Irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoil placement should be corrected in order to prevent formation of depressions unless such depressions are part of the Post Construction Stormwater Management Plan.

Topsoil should not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet, or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

# NPDES PERMIT NOTES:

- The Permittee and Co-Permittee must ensure that visual site inspections are conducted weekly and after each precipitation event by a qualified person trained and experienced in erosion and sediment control, to ascertain that the BMP's are operational and effective in preventing pollution to the waters of the Commonwealth. A written report of each inspection shall be kept and include: a) summary of site condition, BMP's and compliance b) the date, time and the name of the person conducting the inspection.
- If BMP's are found to be inoperative or ineffective during an inspection, or any other time, the Permittee and/or Co-Permittee shall immediately contact the District. Documentation should include what steps are being taken to reduce, eliminate and prevent recurrence
- of the problem
- The Permittee and Co-Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- Erosion and sediment control plans must be made available at the site of the construction activity at all times.
- 5. If fuel or other dangerous chemicals are stored on site then a Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan must be developed and kept on site.

#### NPDES PERMIT EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS, MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

#### 2. MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

a. Visual Inspections The permittee and co-permittee must ensure that visual site inspections are conducted bi-weekly, and after each precipitation event by qualified personnel, trained and experienced in erosion and sediment control, to ascertain that the BMPs are operational and effective in preventing pollution to the waters of the Commonwealth. A written report of each inspection shall be kept, and

(1) a summary of site conditions, BMP's, and compliance; and

(2) the date, time, and the name of the person conducting the inspection. b. Noncompliance Reporting Where BMP's are found to be inoperative or ineffective during an inspection, or any other time, the permittee and co-permittee shall immediately contact the reviewing entity, by phone or personal contact, followed by the submission of a written report within 5 days of the initial contact. Noncompliance reports shall include the following information:

(1) Any condition on the project site which may endanger public health, safety, or the environment, or involve incidents which cause or (2) the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times and/or anticipated time when the activity will return to compliance;

(3) steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance; and (4) the date or schedule of dates, and identifying remedies for correcting noncompliance conditions.

3. RECORD KEEPING a. Retention of Records The permittee and co-permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information including copies of all monitoring and

inspection reports required by this permit, and records of data used to complete the Notice of intent for this permit, for a period of three years from the date of the termination of coverage under this permit

b. Reporting of Monitoring Reports Monitoring results shall be submitted to the reviewing entity upon request.

PART B STANDARD CONDITIONS

1. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

b. Duty to Provide Information (1) The permittee or co-permittee shall furnish to the Department, or the local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity within 30 days of the date of request, any information that the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or coverage approved under this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. (2) The permittee or co-permittee shall furnish, upon request, to the Department, or the local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

(3) When the permittee or co-permittee becomes aware that he or she failed to submit any relevant facts or submitted incorrect information in the NOI, PPC Plan, E&S Control Plan, or in any other report to the Department, or the local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity, the permittee or co-permittee shall promptly submit or correct such facts or information (4) The permittee or co-permittee shall give seven calendar days advance notice to the Department, or the local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity, of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility which could, in any way, substantially affect the quality and/or quantity of stormwater discharged from the activity.

Control Plans, and any other stormwater pollution prevention and management measures.

The permittee and co-permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

h. Reduction, Loss, or Failure of the BMPs Upon reduction, loss or failure of the BMPs, the permittee and co-permittee shall take immediate action to restore the BMPs or provide an alternative method of treatment.

The permittee and co-permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this general permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law and the federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit or permit renewal.

permit under Section 602 and 605 of the Clean Streams Law, 35 P.s. Sections 691.602 and 691.605, and under the Clean Water Act as specified in 40 C.F.R. Sections 122.41 (a)(2) and (3), which are incorporated by reference.

a. An Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, must be prepared, developed, and implemented for each activity covered by this permit in meet the requirements of Chapter 102, are conditions of this permit and incorporated by reference.

607 of the Clean Streams Law, and 25 Pa. Code. Chapter 92 of the Department's regulations. The owner or operator of a facility with stormwater discharges covered by this permit shall make plans available to the public upon request by the public. Erosion and Sediment Control Plans must be made available at the site of the construction activity at all times. c. The staging of earth disturbance activities and maintenance requirements contained in the E&S Plan must be followed

All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed in accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code section 260.1 et seq., section 271.1 et seq., and section 287.1 et seq. No building material or

If the potential exists for causing accidental pollution of air, land, or water, or for causing endangerment of public health and safety through accidental release of toxic, hazardous, or other polluting materials, the permittee or co-permittee must develop a Preparedness, Prevention, and Contingency (PPC) Plan. The PPC Plan shall be developed in accordance with Department regulations. The PPC Plan shall identify areas which may include, but are not limited to, waste management areas, raw material storage areas, temporary and permanent spoils storage areas, maintenance areas, and any other areas that may have the potential to cause noncompliance with the terms and conditions of this permit due to the storage, handling, or disposal of any toxic or hazardous substances such as oil, gasoline, pesticides, herbicides, solvents, etc. BMP's shall be developed and implemented for each identified area. The PPC Plan shall be maintained on site at all times and shall be made available for review at the Department's or county conservation districts' request. 6. PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCES

The permittee or co-permittee shall contact the reviewing entity at least seven days before construction is to begin to determine if a pre-construction conference is required. The permittee, co-permittee and others undertaking the earth disturbance activity must attend a pre-construction conference if requested by the reviewing entity.

The Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, shall be prepared, developed and implemented for all spoil and borrow areas, regardless of their

permittee or co-permittee shall submit an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan for each additional phase or portion of the project for review and authorization by the reviewing entity. Coverage under this permit is only granted for those phases or portions of a project for which an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan has been submitted to and authorized by the reviewing entity.

## IMPORT/EXPORT FILL ENVIRONMENTAL DUE DILIGENCE

Any fill material required for the site or excess material to be wasted from the site is required to be hauled from or to, as applicable, a site with an approved soil erosion and sediment control plan

The Owner/Developer and/or Operator is responsible to perform environmental due diligence and determine that all fill imported to the site or exported from the site meets the D.E.P. definition of clean fill.

material, used asphalt, and brick, block or concrete from construction and demolition activities that is separate from other waste and is recognizable as such. The term does not include materials placed in or on the waters of the Commonwealth unless otherwise authorized. (the term "used asphalt" does not include milled asphalt or asphalt that has been processed for re-use.)

review of property ownership, review of property use history. Sanborn maps, environmental questionnaires, transaction screens, analytical testing, environmental assessments or audits. Analytical testing is not a required part of due diligence unless visual inspection and/or review of the past land use of the property indicates that the fill may have been subjected to a spill or release of regulated substance.

## RECYCLING & DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

Wastes generated during the construction of this project shall be recycled if at all possible. This shall include the erosion control bmps. Any materials that cannot be recycled or reused shall be disposed of at a NPDES permitted site. If soil and/or rock disposal or borrow areas are required, approved erosion and sedimentation controls shall be implemented at these areas that meet chapter 102 and/or other state and federal regulations.

All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed in accordance with the department's solid waste management regulations at 25 pa. code 260.1 et seq. 271.1, and 287.1 et seq. No building materials or waste unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped or discharged at the site.

## ANTICIPATED CONSTRUCTION WASTES

Anticipated construction wastes requiring recycling or disposal are:

 Building material waste. 2. Concrete wash water.

#### STANDARD E&S PLAN NOTES

- A copy of the stamped approved drawings signed and dated by the Cumberland County Conservation District must be available at the project site at all times. At least 7 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities (including clearing and grubbing), the owner and/or operator shall invite all
- contractors, the landowner, appropriate municipal officials, the E&S Plan preparer, the post construction stormwater management plan preparer, and a representative from the Cumberland County Conservation District to an on-site preconstruction meeting. At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area previously unmarked, the Pennsylvania One
- Call System Inc. shall be notified at 1-800-242-1776 for the location of existing underground utilities. All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the sequence provided on the plan drawings. Deviation from that sequence must be approved in writing from the Cumberland County Conservation District or by DEP prior to implementation.
- Clearing, grubbing, and topsoil stripping shall be limited to those areas described in each stage of the construction sequence. General site clearing, grubbing and topsoil stripping may not commence in any stage or phase of the project until the E&S BMPs specified by the Construction Sequence for that stage or phase has been installed and are functioning as described in this document. At no time shall construction vehicles be allowed to enter areas outside the limit of disturbance boundaries shown on the plan maps.
- These areas must be clearly marked and fenced off before clearing and grubbing operations begin. Stockpile heights must not exceed 35 feet. Stockpile slopes must be 2H:1V or flatter.

Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution, the

- operator shall implement appropriate BMPs to minimize the potential for erosion and sediment pollution and notify the Cumberland County Conservation District and/or the regional office of DEP All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed of in accordance with the Department's Solid
- Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code Chapter 260, §§260.1 et seq., 271.1, and 287.1 et. seq. No building materials or wastes or unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped, or discharged at the site. All off-site waste and borrow areas must have an E&S Plan approved by the Cumberland County Conservation District or DEP fully
- implemented prior to being activated The contractor is responsible for ensuring that any material brought on site is Clean Fill. Form FP-001 must be retained by the property owner for any fill material affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance but qualifying as Clean Fill due to analytical testing.
- All pumping of water from any work area shall be done according to the procedure described in this plan, over undisturbed vegetated
- Vehicles and equipment may neither enter directly nor exit directly from Lots onto Public Streets except where shown 4. Until the site is stabilized, all E&S BMPs must be maintained properly. Maintenance must include inspections of all E&S BMPs after each runoff event and on a weekly basis. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, re-grading, reseeding, re-mulching and re-netting must be performed immediately. If E&S BMPs fail to perform as expected, replacement
- 5. A written report showing dates that E&S BMPs were inspected as well as any deficiencies found and the date they were corrected shall be maintained on the site and be made available to regulatory agency officials at the time of inspection
- Sediment tracked onto any public roadway or sidewalk shall be returned to the construction site by the end of each work day and disposed in the manner described in this plan. In no case shall the sediment be washed, shoveled, or swept into any roadside ditch, storm sewer or surface water
- All sediment removed from BMPs shall be disposed of in the manner described on the plan drawings. 3. Areas which are to be topsoiled shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 4 inches prior to placement of topsoil. Areas to be vegetated
- shall have a minimum 4 inches of topsoil in place prior to seeding and mulching. Fill outslopes shall have a minimum of 2 inches of ). All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related problems. Fill intended to
- support buildings, structures and conduits, etc. shall be compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes.
- All fills shall be placed in compacted layers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness. 21. Fill materials shall be free of frozen particles, brush, roots, sod, or other foreign or objectionable materials that would interfere with or
- prevent construction of satisfactory fills. Frozen materials or soft, mucky, or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated into fills. 23. Fill shall not be placed on saturated or frozen surfaces.

BMPs or modifications of those installed will be required.

- 24. Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled in accordance with the standard and specification for subsurface drain or other approved method. 5. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately upon reaching finished grade. Cut slopes in competent bedrock and rock
- fills need not be vegetated. 6. Immediately after earth disturbance activities cease in any area or subarea of the project, the operator shall stabilize all disturbed areas. During non-germinating months, mulch or protective blanketing shall be applied as described in the plan. Areas not at finished grade,
- which will be reactivated within 1 year, may be stabilized in accordance with the temporary stabilization specifications. Those areas which will not be reactivated within 1 year shall be stabilized in accordance with the permanent stabilization specifications. Permanent stabilization is defined as a minimum uniform, perennial 70% vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with
- a density sufficient to resist accelerated erosion. Cut and fill slopes shall be capable of resisting failure due to slumping, sliding, or other 3. E&S BMPs must remain functional as such until all areas tributary to them are permanently stabilized or until they are replaced by
- another BMP approved by the Cumberland County Conservation District or DEP. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall
- contact the Cumberland County Conservation District for an inspection prior to removal/conversion of the E&S BMPs. After final site stabilization has been achieved, temporary E&S BMPs must be removed or converted to permanent post construction stormwater management BMPs. Areas disturbed during removal or conversion of the BMPs must be stabilized immediately. In order to
- ensure rapid revegetation of disturbed areas, such removal/conversions should be done only during the germinating season. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the Cumberland County Conservation District to schedule a final inspection.
- Failure to correctly install E&S BMPs, failure to prevent sediment-laden runoff from leaving the construction site, or failure to take immediate corrective action to resolve failure of E&S BMPs may result in administrative, civil, and/or criminal penalties being instituted by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection as defined in Section 602 of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law. The Clean Streams Law provides for up to \$10,000 per day in civil penalties, up to \$10,000 in summary criminal penalties, and up to \$25,000 in misdemeanor criminal penalties for each violation.

### SEEDING NOTES

## TEMPORARY SEEDING (TEMPORARY STABILIZATION)

Seed: Annual Rve 40 lbs/acre

Mulch: Straw 3 tons, acre. ( Straw and hay mulch should be anchored immediately after application to prevent being windblown. A tractor-drawn implement may be used to "crimp" the straw or hay into the soil. This method is limited to slopes no steeper than 3:1. The machinery should be operated on the contour. Note: Crimping of hay or straw by running over it with tracked machinery is not

All diversions, channels, sediment traps and stockpiles shall be stabilized immediately. Any disturbed area on which activity has ceased and which will remain exposed shall be stabilized immediately. During non-germinating periods, mulch shall be applied at the recommended rates. Disturbed areas which are not at finished grade and which will be redisturbed within 1 year may be stabilized in accordance with the Temporary Seeding Specifications. Disturbed areas which are either at finished grade or will not be redisturbed within 1 year shall be stabilized in accordance with the Permanent Seeding Specifications.

#### PERMANENT SEEDING (PERMANENT STABILIZATION) Nurse Crop: Annual Ryegrass 10 lbs/acre (PLS)

- Seed (Mix 2): Kentucky bluegrass 25 lbs/acre, plus Redtop 3 lbs/acre or Perennial ryegrass 15 lbs/acre (PLS) Critical areas (Mix 3): Birdsfoot Trefoil 6 lbs/acre, plus Tall Fescue 30 lbs/acre (PLS)
- Lime: Six tons/acre Fertilizer: Soil tests are recommended. In the absence of a soil test apply at the rate of 10-10-20 @ 1000 lbs/acre Mulch: Straw 3 Tons/acre
- Asphalt: SS-1 or Equivalent 150 Gal./acre B. SEED DATES

March 15th - May 15th

All areas shall be permanently seeded and mulched within one (1) week of reaching final grade, if in seeding season, otherwise temporary seeding requirements shall be met. All areas seeded with a temporary mixture will receive a permanent seed mixture during the first growing season following the finished grading. Areas with permanent slopes of 2:1 or greater shall be stabilized using crown vetch, as per the requirements of standard and specifications for critical areas stabilization (with ground covers, vines, shrub, and trees).

	Ap			
Mulch Type	Per Acre	Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Per 1,000 sq. yd	. Notes
Straw	3 Tons	140 lb.	1,240 lb.	Either wheat or oat straw, free of weeds, not chopped or finely broken
Нау	3 Tons	140 lb.	1,240 lb.	Timothy, mixed clover and timothy or other native forage grasses
Wood Cellulose	1,500 lb.	35 lb.	310 lb.	Do not use alone in winter, during hot and dry weather or on steep slopes (>3:1)
Wood	1,000 lb. Cellulose	25 lb.	210 lb.	When used over straw or hay
Wood Chips	4-6 Tons	185-275 lb.	1,650-2,500 lb.	May prevent germination of

Straw and hay mulch should be anchored immediately after application to prevent being windblown. A tractor-drawn implement may be used to "crimp" the straw or hay into the soil. This method is limited to slopes no steeper than 3:1. The machinery should be operated on the ontour. (Note: Crimping of hay or straw by running over it with tracked machinery is not recomm

Straw and hay mulch should be anchored immediately after application to prevent being windblown. A tractor-drawn implement may be used to "crimp" the straw or hay into the soil. This method is limited to slopes no steeper than 3:1. The machinery should be operated on the contour. (Note: Crimping of hay or straw by running over it with tracked machinery is not recommended.) Polymeric and gum tackifiers mixed and applied according to manufacturer's recommendations may be used to tack mulch

Synthetic binders, or chemical binders, may be used as recommended by the manufacture to anchor mulch provided sufficeint documentation is provided to show they are non-toxic to native plant and animal species

> 50323 CMC 2-1-2022 PROJECT MANAGER CMC - cchiampi@fsa-inc.com

Multiple Properties

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**ESC NOTES** & DETAILS

C-505

f. Facilities Construction, Operation, and Maintenance The permittee and co-permittee shall design, build, implement, and at all times operate and maintain BMP's, including PPC Plans, E&S

2. COMPLIANCE RESPONSIBILITIES a. Duty to Comply

b. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions The permittee and co-permittee may be subject to criminal and/or civil penalties for violations of the terms and conditions of this general

#### OTHER CONDITIONS 2. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS

accordance with the Department's Chapter 102 Rules and Regulations, and Department guidance. Each plan must be submitted to the Department or local county conservation district when acting as the reviewing entity. E&S Control Plans, BMPs, and revisions thereto, which b. Erosion and Sediment Control Plans required under this permit are considered reports that shall be available to the public under Section

3. RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL OF BUILDING MATERIALS AND WASTES

5. PREPAREDNESS, PREVENTION AND CONTINGENCY PLANS

SPOIL OR BORROW AREA

8. PHASED PROJECTS Prior to the commencement of earth disturbance activities for additional phases or portions of the project, the 10. WETLAND PROTECTION If hydric soils are present, a wetland determination must be conducted in accordance with Department procedures. All wetlands identified must be included on the E&S Control Plan.

Clean Fill: Uncontaminated, non-water soluble, non-decomposable, inert, solid material. The term includes soil, rock, stone, dredged

Environmental due diligence: Investigative techniques, including, but not limited to visual property inspections, electronic data base searches

Construction worker's trash

# \*\*\*\*A COPY OF THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN MUST BE AVAILABLE AT THE PROJECT SITE AT ALL TIMES.\*\*\*\*